URGENT MEMORANDUM

TO: DEPUTY DIRECTORS-GENERAL
CHIEF DIRECTORS
HEAD OFFICE DIRECTORS AND DISTRICT DIRECTORS
CHIEF EDUCATION SPECIALISTS
EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT OFFICERS
DEPUTY CHIEF/SENIOR EDUCATION SPECIALISTS
PRINCIPALS OF ALL FET SCHOOLS
TEACHER UNIONS/ORGANISATIONS
SCHOOL GOVERNING BODIES

DATE: 18 NOVEMBER 2016

MARK ADJUSTMENTS FOR THE NATIONAL COMMON GRADE 10
QUESTION PAPERS IN MATHEMATICS AND PHYSICAL SCIENCES

1. The Department of Education received Circular E35 OF 2016 from the Department of Basic Education (DBE) which deals with mark adjustments for the National Common Grade 10 question papers in Mathematics and Physical Sciences. The circular ensures that no learner in Grade 10 is disadvantaged due to the writing of the National Common Examination papers in Mathematics and Physical Sciences and assist schools in managing the promotion of learners in Grade 10 Mathematics and Physical Sciences at the end of 2016 academic year.

2. The current CAPS subject promotion requirements remain applicable to learners in Grade 10. This Assessment Instruction does not replace or amend the relevant promotion and progression requirements and therefore the content of this Assessment Instruction must be applied after the relevant promotion and progression requirements have been completed.

3. The following principles will apply in the mark adjustment process in 2016 for Grade 10 learners for only Mathematics and Physical Sciences:

   (a) The focus of the mark adjustment will be on the individual subject average and not on the individual learner scores.
The subject Average is determined by dividing the total score for all learners in the grade that have written the subject by the total number of learners that wrote the specific subject.

(b) Mark adjustment will be applied separately per subject in grade 10 in Mathematics and Physical Sciences.

(c) A Calculated Norm (CN) will be used to determine whether an adjustment is necessary and the extent of the adjustment. A CN is the average performance of the school in that school subject over a three year period.

The CN is determined by adding the average score for each of the three years and then dividing the total by three (e.g. Calculated Norm = 2012 Average + 2013 Average + 2014 Average ÷ 3).

(d) The CN must be based on the years in which the National Common Examination question paper was not written by the school.

For example, if a school wrote the National Common Examination in 2015, then the CN must be based on the average of 2014, 2013 and 2012.

(e) Mark adjustments will only be applied if the 2016 Subject Average is lower than CN.

(f) A maximum adjustment of 10% must be applied. The adjustment to learners with originally high marks (e.g. 95%) cannot result in those learners obtaining a mark that is more than 100%.

(g) The adjustment to subject scores must be applied on the final mark after SBA has been included. In determining the CN, the scores of the previous years must also use the marks after the SBA is added.

(h) Mark adjustment can only be applied after learner scores have been converted to percentages.

4. Based on the principle listed in paragraph (3), the procedure to be followed is described below:

Step 1: Calculate the subject average obtained by learners in the specific subject and grade in 2016. This applies to Mathematics and Physical Sciences in Grade 10.

Step 2: Determine the CN as described in 3 (c). An example is illustrated below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GRADE</th>
<th>SUBJECT</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>Calculated Norm (CN)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>42%+44%+46% ÷ 3 = 44%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Physical Sciences</td>
<td>63%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>67%</td>
<td>63%+65%+67% ÷ 3 = 65%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Step 3: Compare the 2016 subject average for Mathematics and Physical Sciences separately to the CN.
Step 4: For each of the two subjects in Grade 10, establish whether the 2016
is lower than the CN.

Step 5: If the 2016 subject average is lower than the CN for that subject and grade, determine
the difference between the CN and the subject average.

Step 6: The difference noted in Step 5 must be applied as a block adjustment to all learners in
that Grade for that subject. This implies, that if the difference between the CN and the
Subject Average for 2016 is 5 percentage points, then 5 percentage points must be
added to the Percentage score of each learner.

Step 7: If the difference between the CN and the subject average score is greater than 10%, a
maximum adjustment of 10% points must be applied.

5. In order to assist with the application of this adjustment guideline, the following examples are
Provided.

Example 1:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GRADE</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Calculated Norm(CN)</th>
<th>2016 school Subject average</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Block adjustment for each learner.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>Adjust 2016 learner Score by 8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Physical Sciences</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>Adjust 2016 learner Score by 10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An 8% block adjustment is applied in the case of grade 10 Mathematics as this is the difference
between the CN and the 2016 school subject average.

In the case of Grade 10 Physical Sciences, the difference between the CN and the 2016 school
subject average is 20% but the block adjustment is only 10% as this is the maximum adjustment
allowed.

If the 2016 subject average is more than the average of the previous three years average, no
adjustment should be made. This is illustrated in the next example.

Example 2:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Calculated Norm (CN)</th>
<th>2016 School Subject average</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Block Adjustment For each learner.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Physical Sciences</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>2016 average is 5% more than the CN.</td>
<td>No block adjustment. The 2016 school subject average remains the same.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6. On the printed Promotion Schedule the adjusted mark must be indicated. A note should be written at the bottom of the schedule to indicate that the learners’ mark has been adjusted for Mathematics and Physical Sciences. This should read as follows:

Example:
(a) The Mathematics mark has been adjusted by 8%, and
(b) There was no adjustment in the case of Physical Sciences.

7. Schools must note that this is not a change in the promotion requirements for Grade 10 as stipulated in:
   (a) Regulations 6(3) of the Regulations Pertaining to the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12, published as Regulation Notice No.114 in Government Gazette No.36041 of 28 December 2012, and
   (b) Paragraph 21 of the National policy pertaining to the promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grade R-12, published as Government Notice No. 1115 and 1116 in Government Gazette No.36042 of 28 December 2012.

8. This Assessment Instruction provides school principals, district, area and circuit managers with guidelines that will assist in the finalization of the promotion of learners in Grade 10.

9. The mark adjustment discussion at school level must be chaired by the school principal. The finalization of promotions must be conducted under the strict control of the District/Circuit/Area Manager. The decisions on mark adjustments must be checked, verified and approved by the District Manager or his/her delegate. The District/Circuit/Area Manager must sign on the relevant schedule to confirm that the adjustment have been correctly applied.

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