



Province of the  
**EASTERN CAPE**  
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL  
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

**GRADE 12**

**JUNE 2019**

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1  
MARKING GUIDELINE**

**MARKS: 100**

| <b>Symbol</b> | <b>Explanation</b>   |
|---------------|--|
| M             | Method   |
| MA            | Method with accuracy   |
| CA            | Consistent accuracy  |
| A             | Accuracy   |
| C             | Conversion   |
| S             | Simplification   |
| RT/RG/RM      | Reading from a table/Reading from a graph/Reading from a map |
| F             | Choosing the correct formula                                 |
| SF            | Substitution in a formula                                    |
| J             | Justification  |
| P             | Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off etc.      |
| R             | Rounding Off/Reason  |
| AO            | Answer only  |
| NPR           | No penalty for rounding                                      |

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This marking guideline consists of 8 pages.

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**NOTE:**

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out (cancelled) an attempt to a question and NOT redone the solution, mark the crossed out (cancelled) version.
- Consistent accuracy (CA) applies in ALL aspects of the marking guidelines; however it stops at the second calculation error.
- If the candidate presents any extra solution when reading from a graph, table, layout plan and map, then penalise for every extra incorrect item presented.

| <b>QUESTION 1 [22 MARKS] INTEGRATED QUESTION</b> |   |  |                |
|--|---|--|----------------|
| <b>Question</b>                                  | <b>Solution</b>   | <b>Explanation/Marks<br/>AO: FULL MARKS</b>                      | <b>Topic/L</b> |
| 1.1  | 1.1.1 DM Row Travel Agency ✓✓ RT  | 2 RT correct agency<br>(2)                                       | F<br>L1        |
|  |   |  |                |
|  | 1.1.2 Reference Number: 0674582 ✓✓ RT   | 2 RT correct Voucher no.<br>(2)                                  | F<br>L1        |
|  |   |  |                |
|  | 1.1.3 3 nights ✓✓ RT  | 2RT correct no of nights<br>(2)                                  | F<br>L1        |
|  |   |  |                |
|  | 1.1.4 $3 \times R1\ 440,00 \checkmark M$<br>$= R4\ 320,00 \checkmark CA$  | 1M×1 440,00<br>1CA simplification<br>(2)                         | F<br>L1        |
|  |   |  |                |
| 1.2  | 1.2.1 $250 + 330 + 450 + 500 + 1\ 000 + 1500 + 2\ 000$<br>$= 5\ 580 \checkmark M$<br>$\frac{5\ 580}{1\ 000} = 5,58 \ell \checkmark CA$<br><b>OR</b><br>$0,25 + 0,33 + 0,45 + 0,5 + 1 + 1,5 + 2 l \checkmark MA$<br>$= 5,58 l \checkmark CA$ | 1M addition all values<br>1CA dividing and<br>simplifying<br>(2) | M<br>L1        |
|  |   |  |                |
|  | 1.2.2 $\checkmark M$<br>No. of A containers $= \frac{1\ 500}{250} = 6 \checkmark CA$  | 1M division correct values<br>1CA No of A containers<br>(2)      | M<br>L1        |
|  |   |  |                |
| 1.3  | 1.3.1 42,2 km ✓✓ RT   | 2 RT distance<br>(2)   | M&P<br>L1      |
|  |   |  |                |
|  | 1.3.2 Difference in height above sea level<br>$= 46 - 35 \checkmark RT$<br>$= 11 m \checkmark CA$   | 1RT correct values<br>1CA difference<br>(2)                      | M&P<br>L1      |
|  |   |  |                |
| 1.4  | 1.4.1 Mode = 61 ✓ RT<br>$= 47 \checkmark$   | 2RT mode<br>(2)  | D<br>L1        |
|  |   |  |                |
|  | 1.4.2 Range = $86 - 18 \checkmark MA$<br>$= 68 \checkmark CA$   | 1MA subtracting correct<br>values<br>1CA range<br>(2)            | D<br>L1        |
|  |   |  |                |
|  | 1.4.3 Raw mark = $\frac{86}{100} \times 150 \checkmark MA$<br>$= 129 \checkmark CA$<br><b>OR</b><br>Raw mark = $0,86 \times 150 MA$<br>$= 129 \checkmark CA$  | 1MA % of 150<br>1CA raw mark<br>(2)                              | D<br>L1        |
|  |   |  |                |
|  |   | [22]   |                |

| <b>QUESTION 2 [29 MARKS] FINANCE</b> |       |   |   |         |
|--------------------------------------|-------|---|---|---------|
| <b>Question</b>                      |       | <b>Solution</b>   | <b>Explanation/Marks<br/>AO: FULL MARKS</b>   |         |
| <b>Topic<br/>/L</b>                  |       |   |   |         |
| 2.1                                  | 2.1.1 | Total amount = $1\ 200 \times 60 \checkmark M$<br>= R72 000 $\checkmark CA$   | 1M multiplication<br>1CA amount (2)   | F<br>L1 |
|                                      |       |   |   |         |
|                                      | 2.1.2 | $\frac{30}{100} \times 20\ 000 = R6\ 000 \checkmark M \checkmark CA$<br>OR<br>School's contribution = $0,3 \times 20\ 000 \checkmark M$<br>= R6 000 $\checkmark CA$ | 1M multiplication of correct values<br>1CA simplification (2)                           | F<br>L1 |
|                                      |       |   |   |         |
|                                      | 2.1.3 | Ratio $2\ 000 : 20\ 000 \checkmark MA \checkmark A$<br>$1 : 10$   | 1MA for ratio and 2000<br>1A for 20 000 (2)   | F<br>L1 |
|                                      |       |   |   |         |
|                                      | 2.1.4 | Balance = $2\ 000 - (10 \times 50)$<br>= R1 500 $\checkmark M$<br>$\frac{1500}{30} = 50 \checkmark M$<br>Total T-Shirts = $50 + 10$<br>= 60 $\checkmark CA$         | 1M balance after sale of 10 T shirts<br>1M division<br>1CA total number of T-shirts (3) | F<br>L2 |
|                                      |       |   |   |         |
| 2.2                                  | 2.2.1 | $D = 24\ 901 - 23\ 901 \checkmark M$<br>= 1000 kwh $\checkmark A$   | 1M subtracting values<br>1A simplifying (2)   | F<br>L1 |
|                                      |       |   |   |         |
|                                      | 2.2.2 | Costs = $100 \times 132,70 + 50 \times 155,30 \checkmark M$<br>= 13 270 + 7 765<br>= 21 035 $\checkmark M$<br>$= \frac{21035}{100} \checkmark CA$<br>= R210,35      | 1M multiplication and addition<br>1M simplification<br>1CA dividing by 100 (3)          | F<br>L2 |
|                                      |       |   |   |         |
|                                      | 2.2.3 | VAT amount = $\frac{15}{100} \times 210,35 \checkmark M$<br>= R31,55 $\checkmark A$   | 1M multiplication of 15% by 210,35<br>1A simplification (2)                             | F<br>L1 |
|                                      |       |   |   |         |
| 2.3                                  | 2.3.1 | Inflation is the increase in price of goods and services e.g. the price of petrol increases with time. $\checkmark \checkmark O$                                    | 2 Explanation (2)   | F<br>L1 |
|                                      |       |   |   |         |
|                                      | 2.3.2 | Price increase = $16,21 - 16,02 \checkmark M$<br>= 19c OR R0,19 $\checkmark A$  | 1M subtraction of values<br>1A difference (with units cents or Rands) (2)               | F<br>L1 |

|  |       |  |  |   |
|--|-------|--|--|---|
|  | 2.3.3 | $\checkmark M$<br>$\text{Distance} = 5 \times 50 \times 2 = 500 \text{ km } \checkmark M$<br>$\text{Fuel used} = \frac{500}{12,5} \checkmark M = 40 \text{ litres } \checkmark CA$<br>$\text{Increase in fuel cost} = 40 \times 0,19 = R7,60 \checkmark CA$<br><br>OR<br>$\text{Distance} = 50 \times 2 \checkmark = 100 \text{ km for a day}$<br>$\text{Fuel used} = \frac{100}{12,5} = 8 \ell \checkmark$<br>$\text{Increase in cost of fuel for 1 day} = 8 \times 0,19$<br>$= R1,52 \checkmark$<br>$\text{Increase in cost of fuel for 5 days} = R1,52 \times 5 \checkmark$<br>$= R7,60 \checkmark$<br><br>OR<br>$2 \times 50 \times 5 = 500 \text{ km } \checkmark$<br>$\text{Petrol used} = \frac{500}{12,5} = 40 \ell \checkmark$<br>$\text{Cost of fuel after increase} = 40 \times 16,21 = R648,40 \checkmark$<br>$\text{Cost of fuel before increase} = 40 \times 16,02 = R640,80 \checkmark$<br>$\text{Increase} = R648,40 - R640,80 = R7,60 \checkmark$ | 1CA from 2.3.2<br>1M distance for a day ( $50 \times 2$ )<br>1M distance for 5 days<br>1M division by 12,5<br>1CA simplification<br>1CA increase |   |
|  | 2.4   | 2.4.1  | Balance = R13 502,64 ✓✓RT  | 2 RT<br>(2) F L1  |
|  |       | 2.4.2  | Fee = 42,37+17,47+100,88 = R160,72 ✓ RT✓CA   | 1 RT adding correct values<br>1 CA simplification<br>(2) F L1 |
|  |       |  |  | [29]  |

| <b>QUESTION 3 [20 MARKS] MEASUREMENT</b> |   |   |              |
|--|---|---|--------------|
| <b>Ques.</b>                             | <b>Solution</b>   | <b>Explanation/Marks<br/>AO: FULL MARKS</b>   | <b>Level</b> |
| 3.1.1                                    | $\checkmark M$<br>Total distance = $6,3 + 13,02 + 5,04$<br>$= 24,36 \text{ km } \checkmark CA$  | 1M Addition of correct values<br>1CA Simplification (2)   | M<br>L1      |
| 3.1.2                                    | $\checkmark M$<br>Perimeter = $120 \times 2 + 90 \times 2$<br>$= 420 \text{ m (or } 0,42 \text{ km)} \checkmark A$  | 1M distance around<br>1A simplification (2)   | M<br>L1      |
| 3.1.3                                    | $\text{No of rounds} = \frac{1,6 \text{ km}}{420 \text{ m}} \checkmark RT \checkmark M$<br>$= \frac{1\ 600}{420} \checkmark C$<br>$= 3,81 \checkmark CA$<br>Completed rounds = 3 $\checkmark R$ | 1 RT value of 1,6 km<br>1 M Division<br>1 C Conversion<br>1 CA simplification<br>1 Rounding to completed rounds (5) | M<br>L2      |
| 3.1.4                                    | $\therefore \text{Goal (\%)} = \frac{\text{steps run}}{\text{Target steps}} \times 100\%$<br>$= \frac{5859}{6000} \times 100\% \checkmark M$<br>$= 97,65\% \checkmark CA$                       | 1M substitution<br>1CA simplification (NPR) (2)   | M<br>L2      |
| 3.1.5                                    | $\checkmark M$<br>$\text{Distance} = \frac{5,04 \times 1\ 000}{756} \checkmark M$<br>$= 0,6665 \checkmark CA$<br>$= 0,67 \text{ m } \checkmark CA$  | 1M conversion to m<br>1M division<br>1CA simplification<br>1CA rounding (4)   | M<br>L2      |
| 3.2.1                                    | $V = \pi r^2 h$<br>$\checkmark M$<br>$V = 3,142 \times 2,5^2 \times 12,75$<br>$= 250,38 \text{ cm}^3 \checkmark CA$   | 1M substituting radius<br>1M substituting height<br>1CA simplification (NPR) (2)                                    | M<br>L2      |
| 3.2.2                                    | $100 \text{ m}\ell : 211 \text{ KJ } \checkmark M$<br>$250,38 : ?$<br>$? = \frac{211 \times 250,38}{100} \checkmark M = 528,30 \text{ KJ } \checkmark CA$                                       | 1M concept of ratio<br>1M method<br>multiplication of correct values and dividing by 100<br>1CA simplification (3)  | M<br>L2      |
|  |   | <b>[20]</b>   |              |

| <b>QUESTION 4 [11 MARKS] MAPS AND REPRESENTATIONS</b> |  |   |              |
|---|--|---|--------------|
| <b>Ques.</b>  | <b>Solution</b>  | <b>Explanation/Marks<br/>AO: FULL MARKS</b>   | <b>Level</b> |
| 4.1   | South ✓✓RT   | 2RT correct direction (2)   | M&p L1       |
| 4.2   | <p>✓RT<br/> <math>2,5 \text{ cm} : 20 \text{ km}</math><br/> <math>1,6 : 10 \times 1000 \times 100 \checkmark M</math></p> $1 : \frac{20 \times 1000 \times 100}{2,5}$ $1 : 800\,000 \checkmark CA$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p><math>2,5 \text{ cm} : 20 \text{ km}</math><br/> <math>1 \text{ cm} : 8 \text{ km} \times 1000\,000</math><br/> <math>1 : 800\,000</math></p>  | 1RT measuring scale<br>1M conversion from km to cm<br>1CA expressing in unit ratio  |              |
| 4.3   | <p><math>2,5 \text{ cm} : 20 \text{ km}</math><br/> <math>6,5 \text{ cm} : ?</math> (distance from Queenstown CBD and Whittesea)✓M</p> $\text{distance} = \frac{\sqrt{M}}{2,5} \checkmark M$ $= 52 \text{ km } \checkmark CA$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p><math>1 : 800\,000</math> (<b>CA from 4.2</b>)<br/> <math>6,5 : 800\,000 \times 6,5 \text{ cm } \checkmark M \checkmark M</math></p> $\text{Distance} = \frac{800\,000 \times 6,5}{1\,000 \times 100} \checkmark M$ $= 52 \text{ km } \checkmark CA$ <p>(Accept 6,2 – 6,7 cm)<br/> (Accept 49,6 – 53,6 km)</p> | 1CA from 4.2<br>1M measuring distance on map<br>1M multiplication of values<br>1M division by 2,5<br>1CA simplification (4)<br><br>1M measuring distance on map<br>1M multiplication<br>1M conversion to km<br>1CA simplification | M &p L2 (4)  |
| 4.4   | Numeric scale ✓✓ A<br>Representative scale / Ratio scale ✓✓A<br>Verbal scale / Word scale ✓✓A  | 2A Correct scale (2)  | M &p L1      |
|   |  | [11]  |              |

| <b>QUESTION 5 [18 MARKS] DATA HANDLING</b> |  |   |              |
|--|--|---|--------------|
| <b>Ques.</b>                               | <b>Solution</b>  | <b>Explanation/Marks<br/>AO: FULL MARKS</b>   | <b>Level</b> |
| 5.1  | Gauteng ✓✓RT   | 2RT correct province (2)  | D L1         |
|  |  |   |              |
| 5.2  | 1 145 861; 2 745 590; 3 509 953; 4 039 939; 5 404 868;<br>5 822 734; 6 562 053; 10 267 300; 12 272 263 ✓✓RT            | 2RT arranging all values starting with smallest. (2)  | D L1         |
|  |  |   |              |
| 5.3  | Limpopo ✓✓RT   | 2RT middle position CA from 5.2 and check province (2)  | D L1         |
|  |  |   |              |
| 5.4  | 5.4.1 Free State and North West ✓✓CA<br><br>5.4.2 Eastern Cape and KwaZulu-Natal ✓✓CA                                  | <b>CA from 5.2</b><br>1 mark for each province (2)  | D L1         |
|  |  | <b>CA from 5.2</b><br>1 mark for each province (2)  | D L1         |
| 5.5  | IQR represents 50% ✓✓A   | 2A (2)  | D L1         |
|  |  |   |              |
| 5.6  | No. of listeners in NW = $\frac{90}{100} \times 3\ 509\ 953 \checkmark M$<br><br>= 3 158 957,7 ✓1S<br>= 3 158 958 ✓CA  | 1M 90 % of the population<br><br>1S simplification<br>1CA (Rounded to the nearest whole number people cannot be decimals) (3) | D L2         |
|  |  |   |              |
| 5.7  | % Mean = $\frac{95+87+91+96+91+88+80+90+90}{9} \checkmark M$<br><br>= $\frac{808}{9} \checkmark M$<br><br>= 89,78% ✓CA | 1M adding the percentages<br>1M dividing by 9<br>1CA simplification (NPR) (3)   | D L2         |
|  |  | [18]  |              |
|  |  |   |              |
|  |  | <b>TOTAL:</b>   | <b>100</b>   |