



Province of the  
**EASTERN CAPE**  
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL  
SENIOR CERTIFICATE/  
*NASIONALE  
SENIOR SERTIFIKAAT***

**GRADE/GRAAD 12**

**JUNE/JUNIE 2019**

**MATHEMATICS P1/WISKUNDE V1  
MARKING GUIDELINE/NASIENRIGLYN**

**MARKS/PUNTE: 150**

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This marking guideline consists of 14 pages./  
*Hierdie nasienriglyn bestaan uit 14 bladsye.*

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**NOTE/LET WEL:**

- If a candidate answered a question TWICE, mark the FIRST attempt ONLY.  
*Indien 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE keer beantwoord het, merk SLEGS die EERSTE poging.*
- Consistent accuracy(CA) applies in ALL aspects of the marking guideline.  
*Volgehoue akkuraatheid is op ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyn van toepassing.*
- If a candidate crossed out an attempt of a question and did not redo the question, mark the crossed-out attempt.  
*Indien 'n kandidaat 'n poging vir 'n vraag deurgetrek het en nie die vraag weer beantwoord het nie, merk die poging wat deurgetrek is.*
- The mark for substitution is awarded for substitution into the correct formula.  
*Die punt vir substitusie word toegeken vir substitusie in die korrekte formule.*

**QUESTION 1/VRAAG 1**

1.1.1	$\begin{aligned}x^2 + 7x = 0 \\ x(x + 7) = 0 \\ x = 0 \text{ or } x + 7 = 0 \\ x = -7\end{aligned}$	✓ both factors / beide faktore ✓ both $x$ -values / beide $x$ -waardes (2)
1.1.2	$\begin{aligned}5 - 10x - 3x^2 = 0 \\ x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \\ x = \frac{-(-10) \pm \sqrt{(-10)^2 - 4(-3)(5)}}{2(-3)} \\ x = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{160}}{-6} \\ \therefore x = 0,44 \text{ or / of } x = -3,77\end{aligned}$ <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-left: 20px;"> Penalise 1 mark for incorrect rounding off.  Penaliseer 1 punt vir verkeerde afronding. </div>	✓ substitution / vervanging ✓✓ $x$ -values / waardes (3)
1.1.3	$\begin{aligned}(2x-1)(4-x) \geq 0 \\ (2x-1)(x-4) \leq 0\end{aligned}$ <p>   </p> $\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq 4$	✓ critical values / kritieke waardes ✓✓ answer (accuracy) / antwoord (akkuraatheid) (3)



1.3.2 $a^2 = \frac{5}{b^3} \quad \dots \dots (1)$ $\frac{a^5}{b^2} = 7 \quad \dots \dots (2)$ $From(2): b^2 = \frac{a^5}{7}$ $b = \left( \frac{a^5}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \dots \dots (3)$ (3) into (1): $a^2 \left[ \left( \frac{a^5}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]^3 = 5$ $a^2 \times \frac{a^{\frac{15}{2}}}{7^{\frac{3}{2}}} = 5$ $a^2 \times a^{\frac{15}{2}} = 5 \times 7^{\frac{3}{2}}$ $a^{\frac{19}{2}} = 5 \times 7^{\frac{3}{2}}$ $a = \left( 5 \times 7^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)^{\frac{2}{19}}$ $a = \sqrt[19]{25 \times 343}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ equation (3) / vergelyking (3)</li> <li>✓ substitution / vervanging</li> <li>✓ simplification / vereenvoudiging</li> <li>✓ simplification / vereenvoudiging</li> <li>✓ isolating <math>a</math> / isolering van <math>a</math></li> </ul>
	(5) [26]

## QUESTION 2/VRAAG 2

2.1.1	$12 ; 9 ; 6 ; \dots$ $a = 12$ and $d = -3$ $T_n = 12 + (n-1)(-3) \\ = -3n + 15$	✓ $d = -3$ ✓ answer / antwoord (2)
2.1.2	$T_n = -3(40) + 15 \\ = -105$	✓ substitution / vervanging ✓ answer / antwoord (2)
2.1.3	$S_{40} = \frac{40}{2}(12 + (-105)) \\ = -1860$	✓ substitution / vervanging ✓ answer / antwoord (2)
2.2.1	<i>Quadratic Pattern / Kwadratiese Patroon : <math>T_1 = 10</math></i> <i>1<sup>st</sup> difference pattern / 1<sup>ste</sup> verskille patroon :</i> $-7; -5; -3; \dots$ $\therefore T_2 = 3$ and / en $T_3 = -2$	✓ first differences / eerste verskille ✓ ✓ answers / antwoorde (T <sub>1</sub> and / en T <sub>2</sub> ) (3)
2.2.2	$2a = 2$ $3a + b = -7$ $a + b + c = 10$ $a = 1$ $3(1) + b = -7$ $(1) + (-10) + c = 10$ $b = -10$ $c = 19$ $\therefore T_n = n^2 - 10n + 19$	✓ value of $a$ / waarde van $a$ ✓ value of $b$ / waarde van $b$ ✓ value of $c$ / waarde van $c$  ✓✓✓ can be awarded at formula / kan by formule toegeken word (3)
2.2.3	$n^2 - 10n + 19 = 2019$ $n^2 - 10n - 2000 = 0$ $(n-50)(n+40) = 0$ $n = 50$ or / of $n = -40$ $\therefore T_{50} = 2019$	✓ equation / vergelyking ✓ factors / faktore ✓ answer / antwoord (T <sub>50</sub> ) (3)
2.3.1	$S_n = 81 - 81(3)^{-n}$ $T_1 = S_1 = 81 - 81(3)^{-1} \\ = 54$	✓ answer / antwoord (1)

2.3.2	$\begin{aligned} T_2 &= S_2 - S_1 \\ &= 72 - 54 \\ &= 18 \\ r &= \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{18}{54} = \frac{1}{3} \\ \\ T_n &= a \cdot r^{n-1} \\ &= 54 \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^{n-1} \end{aligned}$	$\checkmark T_2 = 18$ $\checkmark r = \frac{1}{3}$ $\checkmark$ answer / antwoord (3)
2.3.3	Yes/Ja. $r = -1 < \frac{1}{3} < 1 ; r \neq 0$	$\checkmark$ YES / JA $\checkmark$ reason / rede (2)
2.3.4	$\begin{aligned} S_{\infty} &= \frac{a}{1-r} \quad \text{or / of} \quad S_{\infty} = 81 - 81(3)^{-\infty} \\ &= \frac{54}{1-\frac{1}{3}} \quad \quad \quad = 81 - 81 \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^{\infty} \\ &= 81 \quad \quad \quad = 81 \end{aligned}$	$\checkmark$ substitution / vervanging $\checkmark$ answer / antwoord (2)
2.4	$\begin{aligned} \sum_{t=1}^3 (2x + 3t) + \sum_{r=7}^{12} (3(2)^{r-1}) &= 0 \\ (2x + 3 + 2x + 6 + 2x + 9) + \frac{192(2^6 - 1)}{2 - 1} &= 0 \\ 6x + 18 + 12096 &= 0 \\ 6x &= -12114 \\ x &= -2019 \end{aligned}$	$\checkmark (2x + 3 + 2x + 6 + 2x + 9)$ $\checkmark$ sum of GS / som van MR $\checkmark$ simplification / vereenvoudiging $\checkmark$ answer / antwoord (4) [27]

## QUESTION 3/VRAAG 3

3.1	$(let / laat \ y = 0) \quad / \quad (let / laat \ x = 0)$ $\frac{2}{x-1} + 1 = 0$ $\frac{2}{x-1} = -1$ $2 = -x + 1$ $x = -1$ $(-1; 0)$	$y = \frac{2}{0-1} + 1$ $y = -2 + 1$ $y = -1$ $(0; -1)$	✓ substitution / vervanging ( $y = 0$ ) ✓ substitution / vervanging ( $x = 0$ ) ✓ coordinates of A / koördinate van A ✓ coordinates of B / koördinate van B (4)
3.2	$x = 1$		✓ answer / antwoord (1)
3.3	$y \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{1\}$ OR/OF $y \in \mathbb{R}$ but $y \neq 1$		✓ answer / antwoord (1)
3.4	$A(-\sqrt{2}+1; -\sqrt{2}+1)$ and / en $B(\sqrt{2}+1; \sqrt{2}+1)$ $AB^2 = (\sqrt{2}+1+\sqrt{2}-1)^2 + (\sqrt{2}+1+\sqrt{2}-1)^2$ $= (2\sqrt{2})^2 + (2\sqrt{2})^2$ $= 16$ $\therefore AB = 4 \text{ units} / eenhede$		✓ coordinates of A and B koördinate van A en B ✓ substitution / vervanging ✓ simplification / vereenvoudiging ✓ answer / antwoord (4)
3.5	$h(x) = -\frac{2}{(x-5)} + 1$		✓ - ve (reflection / refleksie) ✓ $(x-5)$ (shift / skuif) (2) [12]

## QUESTION 4/VRAAG 4

4.1		<b>Parabola / Parabol</b> ✓ x-intercepts / x-afsnitte ✓ Turning point / Draaipunt ✓ Axis of symmetry / Simmetrije-as ✓ Shape / Vorm  <b>Straight line / Reguitlyn</b> ✓ x-intercept / x-afsnit ✓ y-intercept / y-afsnit
(6)		
4.2	<p>From sketch / Vanaf skets  <math>-1 &lt; x &lt; 0</math> or of <math>x \in (-1; 0)</math></p> <p>Algebraic solution / Algebraiese oplossing</p> $\begin{aligned} -2x^2 - 2x > 0 \\ -2x(x+1) > 0 \\ 2x(x+1) < 0 \end{aligned}$ <p>cv / kw:</p> $-1 < x < 0$	✓✓ answer / antwoord
(2)		
4.3	$\begin{aligned} ST &= -2x^2 - 2x - (3x - 3) \\ &= -2x^2 - 5x + 3 \\ ST'(x) &= -4x - 5 = 0 \\ -4x &= 5 \\ x &= -\frac{5}{4} \\ \text{Max / Maks} &= -2\left(-\frac{5}{4}\right)^2 - 5\left(-\frac{5}{4}\right) + 3 \\ &= \frac{49}{8} / \left(6\frac{1}{8}\right) \end{aligned}$	✓ $ST = -2x^2 - 2x - (3x - 3)$ ✓ $ST' = 0$ ✓ $x = -\frac{5}{4}$ ✓ answer / antwoord
(4)		
		[12]

## QUESTION 5/VRAAG 5

5.1	$f(x) = 2^x$ $k = 2^{-3}$ $k = \frac{1}{8}$	✓ substitution / vervanging ✓ answer / antwoord (2)
5.2	$f^{-1}(x): x = 2^y$ $y = \log_2 x$  $g^{-1}(x): x = 2y + 1$ $x - 1 = 2y$ $y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}$	✓ interchanging $x$ and $y$ omruil van $x$ en $y$ ✓ answer / antwoord  ✓ interchanging $x$ and $y$ omruil van $x$ en $y$ ✓ answer / antwoord (4)
5.3	$f'(x).g(x) \leq 0$ $f'(x)$ is always +ve $g(x)$ is -ve for $x < -\frac{1}{2}$ +ve for $x > -\frac{1}{2}$  $\therefore x \leq -\frac{1}{2}$	✓ method / metode  ✓ answer / antwoord (2)
		[8]

## QUESTION 6/VRAAG 6

6.1	$\begin{aligned} A &= P(1+i)^n \\ &= 150\ 000 \left(1 + \frac{6,5}{100}\right)^5 \\ &= R\ 205\ 513,00 \end{aligned}$	✓ substitution / vervanging ✓ answer / antwoord (2)
6.2	$\begin{aligned} A &= P(1-i)^n \\ 134\ 000 &= 975\ 000(1-i)^7 \\ (1-i)^7 &= \frac{134}{975} \\ 1-i &= \sqrt[7]{\frac{134}{975}} \\ -i &= -0,2468673864 \\ \therefore \text{rate / koers} &= 24,69\% \end{aligned}$	✓ substitution / vervanging ✓ simplification / vereenvoudiging ✓ answer / antwoord (3)
6.3.1	$\begin{aligned} 1+i_{\text{eff}} &= \left(1 + \frac{i_{\text{nom}}}{n}\right)^n \\ i_{\text{eff}} &= \left(1 + \frac{6,5\%}{12}\right)^{12} - 1 \\ i_{\text{eff}} &= 0,066971852 \\ \therefore \text{effective rate / effektiewe koers} &= 6,70\% \text{ p.a.} \end{aligned}$	✓ formula / formule ✓ substitution / vervanging ✓ answer / antwoord (3)
6.3.2	$\begin{aligned} x \left(1 + \frac{6,5}{1200}\right)^{60} \left[1 + \frac{7,5}{400}\right]^{20} &= 2\ 000\ 000 \\ x = \frac{2\ 000\ 000}{\left(1 + \frac{6,5}{1200}\right)^{60} \left[1 + \frac{7,5}{400}\right]^{20}} \\ x &= R\ 997\ 500,00 \end{aligned}$	✓ $\left(1 + \frac{6,5}{1200}\right)^{60}$ ✓ $\left[1 + \frac{7,5}{400}\right]^{20}$ ✓ equation / vergelyking (= 2 000 000) ✓ making $x$ subject of the formula / maak $x$ die onderwerp van die formule ✓ answer / antwoord (5)

[13]

## QUESTION 7/VRAAG 7

Penalise 1 mark for incorrect notation in the question  
*Penaliseer 1 punt vir verkeerde notasie in die vraag*

7.1 $\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 5x^2 - 5x \\ f(x+h) &= 5(x+h)^2 - 5(x+h) \\ &= 5(x^2 + 2xh + h^2) - 5x - 5h \\ &= 5x^2 + 10xh + 5h^2 - 5x - 5h \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{5x^2 + 10xh + 5h^2 - 5x - 5h - 5x^2 + 5x}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{10xh - 5h^2 - 5h}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(10x + 5h - 5)}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (10x + 5h - 5) \\ &= 10x - 5 \end{aligned}$	$\checkmark 5x^2 + 10xh + 5h^2 - 5x - 5h$ $\checkmark$ substitution / <i>vervanging</i> $\checkmark$ simplification / <i>vereenvoudiging</i> $\checkmark$ common factor / <i>gemene faktor</i> $\checkmark$ answer / <i>antwoord</i> (5) <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">           Answer ONLY: 0 marks  <i>SLEGS antwoord: 0 punte</i> </div>
7.2 $\begin{aligned} y &= \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} - \frac{1}{x^3} \\ y &= \frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{-3} \end{aligned}$ $\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{4}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 3x^{-4}$	$\checkmark y = \frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{-3}$ $\checkmark \frac{1}{4}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ $\checkmark 3x^{-4}$ (3)
7.3 $\begin{aligned} f(-1) &= (-1)^3 = -1 \\ f(1) &= (1)^3 = 1 \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} \bar{m} &= \frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1} \\ &= \frac{1 - (-1)}{1 - (-1)} \\ &= \frac{2}{2}/1 \end{aligned}$	$\checkmark f(-1)$ and / en $f(1)$ $\checkmark$ substitution / <i>vervanging</i> $\checkmark$ answer / <i>antwoord</i> (3) [11]

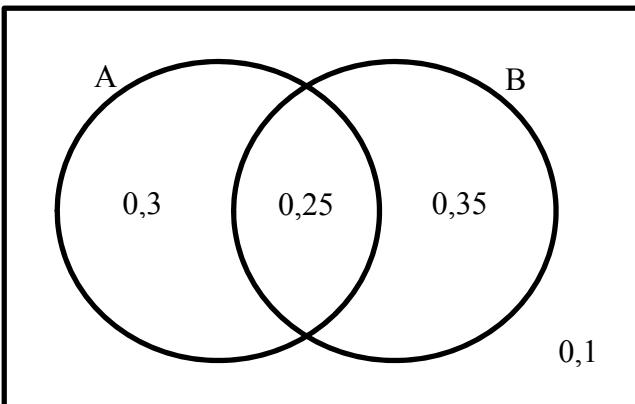
## QUESTION 8/VRAAG 8

8.1.1	$f(x) = -(2x - 5)(x + 2)^2 = 0$ $-2x + 5 = 0 \text{ or / of } x + 2 = 0$ $\therefore x = \frac{5}{2} \text{ or / of } x = -2$ $AB = 4,5 \text{ units / eenhede}$	✓ x-intercepts / x-afsnitte ✓ answer / antwoord (2)
8.1.2	$f(x) = -2x^3 - 3x^2 + 12x + 20$ $f'(x) = -6x^2 - 6x + 12 = 0$ $x^2 + x - 2 = 0$ $(x + 2)(x - 1) = 0$ $x + 2 = 0 \text{ or / of } x - 1 = 0$ $x = -2 \text{ or / of } x = 1$ $T(1 ; y)$	✓ $f'(x)$ ✓ factors / faktore ✓ correct x-value for T / korrekte x-waarde vir T (3)
8.1.3	$m_p = -6(-3)^2 - 6(-3) + 12$ $= -24$ $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ $y - 11 = -24(x + 3)$ $y = -24x - 61$	✓ gradient / gradiënt ✓ substitution / vervanging ✓ answer / antwoord (3)
8.1.4	$T(1 ; y)$ $y = -2(1)^3 - 3(1)^2 + 12(1) + 20$ $= 27$ $\therefore 0 < k < 27$	✓ max. value / maks. waarde ✓✓ answer / antwoord (accuracy/akkuraatheid) (3)
8.2.1	$c'(x) = -\frac{3}{2}x^2 + 6x = 0$ $x\left(-\frac{3}{2}x + 6\right) = 0$ $x = 0 \text{ or / of } x = 4$ $\therefore 0 < x < 4$	✓ equating to 0 / gelykstel aan 0 ✓ factors / faktore ✓ answer / antwoord (accuracy/akkuraatheid) (3)
8.2.2	$c''(x) = -3x + 6 = 0 \quad \text{or / of } x = \frac{0+4}{2}$ $x = 2 \quad x = 2$ $\therefore c(x) \text{ is concave up for } x < 2 / c(x) \text{ is konkaaf opwaarts vir } x < 2$ $c(x) \text{ is concave down for } x > 2 / c(x) \text{ is konkaaf afwaarts vir } x > 2$	✓ method / metode ✓ x-value / x-waarde ✓✓ conclusion/gevolgtrekking (4)
		[18]

## QUESTION 9/VRAAG 9

9.1	$h = \frac{12 - 4x}{3}$	✓✓ answer / antwoord (2)
9.2	$\begin{aligned} Area &= l \times b \\ &= x \left( \frac{12 - 4x}{3} \right) \\ &= 4x - \frac{4x^2}{3} \\ \\ A'(x) &= 4 - \frac{8}{3}x = 0 \\ -\frac{8}{3}x &= -4 \\ x &= 1,5 \text{ m} \\ h &= \frac{12 - 4(1,5)}{3} = 2 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$	✓ substitution / vervanging  ✓ answer / antwoord  ✓ derivative / afgeleide ✓ $f'(x) = 0$  ✓ answer / antwoord  ✓ answer / antwoord (6) [8]

## QUESTION 10/VRAAG 10

10.1.1	$P(S) = 1$ 	✓ 0,3 & 0,25 ✓ 0,35 & 0,25 ✓ 0,1 (3)
10.1.2	$\begin{aligned} P(A \text{ or/of } B) &= P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and/en } B) \\ &= 0,55 + 0,6 - 0,25 \\ &= 0,9 \end{aligned}$ <p>or / of (from sketch / vanaf skets)</p> $\begin{aligned} P(A \text{ or/of } B) &= 0,3 + 0,25 + 0,35 \\ &= 0,9 \end{aligned}$	✓ method / metode ✓ answer / antwoord (2)
10.1.3	$P(A \text{ and/en } B') = 0,3$	✓✓ answer / antwoord (2)
10.1.4	No/Nee : $P(A \cap B) = 0,25 \neq 0$	✓ answer / antwoord (1)
10.1.5	$P(A \cup B)' = 0,1 \neq 0$ No/Nee : or / of $P(A \cup B) = 0,9 \neq 1$	✓ answer / antwoord (1)
10.2.1	$a = 20$ $b = (40 - x)$	✓ $a = 20$ ✓ $b = (40 - x)$ (2)
10.2.2	$\begin{aligned} 79 - x + 20 + 19 - x + x + 11 + 16 + 40 - x &= 173 \\ -2x &= 173 - 185 \\ -2x &= -12 \\ x &= 6 \end{aligned}$	✓ equation / vergelyking ✓ answer / antwoord (2)
10.2.3	$\begin{aligned} P(\text{at least 2 / ten minste 2}) &= \frac{20+11+16+6}{173} \\ &= \frac{53}{173} / 0,31 / 30,6\% \end{aligned}$	✓ adding correct values / tel korrekte waardes op ✓ answer / antwoord (2)
		[15]
		<b>TOTAL/TOTAAL: 150</b>



