



Province of the
EASTERN CAPE
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 12

SEPTEMBER 2014

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY P2

MARKS: 150

TIME: 3 hours



This question paper consists of 15 pages.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. This question paper consists of SIX questions:

SECTION A:	Multiple-choice questions	(15)
SECTION B:	System Technology	(20)
SECTION C:	Communications Technologies and Network Technologies	(25)
SECTION D:	Data and Information Management	(20)
SECTION E:	Solution Development	(30)
SECTION F:	Integrated Scenario	(40)

2. Read ALL the questions carefully.
3. Answer ALL the questions.
4. The mark allocation generally gives an indication of the number of facts/reasons required.
5. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
6. Write neatly and legibly.

SECTION A: SHORT QUESTIONS AND TRUE OR FALSE**QUESTION 1: MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS**

Various options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question number (1.1–1.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.

1.1 A superfast connection technology that can support multiple connections is called ...

- A a USB hub.
- B lightning bolt.
- C firewire.
- D thunderbolt.

(1)

1.2 Which ONE of the following options is INCORRECT regarding caching?

- A Cache memory is a special type of high speed memory that is built into the motherboard.
- B Caching prevent a slower medium from slowing down the performances of a faster medium.
- C Caching makes sure the fast medium is not slowed down as much as it would be if it is only accessing the slower medium directly.
- D Caching never fetches just what is required – it fetches a larger block of data.

(1)

1.3 A typical file system used by Windows is ...

- A FATFS.
- B FSNT.
- C NTFS.
- D WINFS.

(1)

1.4 ... is an upgrade on WiFi.

- A Wii
- B WiMax
- C WiFi
- D WiFax

(1)

1.5 Arrange the following bandwidth options from the highest to the lowest:

- A 4G, 3G, EDGE
- B EDGE, 3G, 4G
- C 3G, EDGE, 4G
- D EDGE, 4G, 3G

(1)

1.6 ... use radio signals to communicate with a transponder attached to a person, animal or object.

- A Zipp
- B RFID
- C IrDA
- D PDA

(1)

1.7 ... is a form of blog which uses video as the medium.

- A Vblog
- B Vlog
- C Vidblog
- D Blogging

(1)

1.8 An interpreter ...

- A takes an entire program and translates it into machine language.
- B creates an executable file.
- C runs one line of a program at a time.
- D examines the entire program and generates a list of errors that it encounters.

(1)

1.9 A protocol used to transfer actual files between computers to save to storage is known as ...

- A FTP.
- B POP3.
- C SMTP.
- D HTTP.

(1)

1.10 What will the output of the *show message* in the following code be?

```
arr2Num : array[1..4,1..4] of integer;  
begin  
  iCount := 0;  
  for iRow := 1 to 4 do  
    begin  
      for iCol := 1 to 4 do  
        begin  
          inc(iCount);  
          arr2Num[iRow,iCol] := iCount;  
        end;  
      end;  
      for iRow := 1 to 4 do  
        for iCol := 1 to 4 do  
          stringGrid1.Cells[iCol, iRow] := IntToStr(arr2Num[iRow,iCol]);  
    ShowMessage(IntToStr(arr2Num[3,2]));
```

- A 2
- B 7
- C 3
- D 10

(1)

Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. Where the statement is false, rewrite it by changing the underlined section to make it TRUE. (You may not simply use the word “NOT” to change the statement when you rewrite it.)

- 1.11 Standard users has full control over the computer system. (2)
- 1.12 BitTorrent is a server protocol used for the transfer and sharing of large files across a network of computers such as the Internet. (2)
- 1.13 A service pack is a release of corrections and new features since the release of the original software. (1)

TOTAL SECTION A: 15

SECTION B: SYSTEM TECHNOLOGIES**QUESTION 2****SCENARIO**

Gerrie is the owner of Gerrie's Travel Agency. To travel became so easy and Gerrie's business is booming. To ensure his business keeps on growing, he has to be on the edge of technology.

Gerrie has to ensure that the computers of his employees are working optimally. Luckily computers nowadays support modular design, but he still needs to understand the purpose of the software and the different computer components.

- 2.1 What does the term *modular design* refer to? (1)
- 2.2 The CPU is one of the most important components on the motherboard as it is responsible for the machine cycle. Gerrie needs to choose between a Core 2 Duo and a Quad Core Intel processor.
- 2.2.1 List the FOUR steps of a machine cycle. (4)
- 2.2.2 Explain the difference between a Core 2 Duo processor compared to a Quad Core processor. (2)
- 2.2.3 Define each of the following processing techniques. Support each definition with a practical example.
- (a) Multitasking (2)
- (b) Multithreading (2)
- 2.3 One of the most important components of any computer's processing components is the memory.
- 2.3.1 Do you agree with the statement above? Support your answer by evaluating the role of memory. (2)
- 2.3.2 DDR is the latest memory used in computers and refers to *Double Data Rate*. Which aspect of the performance of a computer will be improved by using DDR memory opposes to normal RAM? (1)
- 2.3.3 Briefly explain how data transfer in DDR works. (2)

- 2.3.4 When trying to run a program, Gerrie realises that the computer needs 3GB of RAM, but only has 2GB of RAM available.
- (a) How can this problem be solved without buying new RAM? (1)
- (b) Briefly explain how your solution in QUESTION 2.3.4 (a) works. (2)
- 2.4 For safekeeping of data, they need passwords to log on to the system. Create a strong password that Gerrie can use. (1)

TOTAL SECTION B: 20



SECTION C: COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES AND NETWORKS

Gerrie has many employees. Those who are responsible for the admin and pre-bookings are stationed in the office. The others are taking groups on tours, so they are working in and outside the office.

To make the transmission of data and files easier, Gerrie is considering connecting all the computing devices in the office to a wired network.

QUESTION 3

3.1 With setting up the network, some questions emerged.

3.1.1 What is a network? (3)

3.1.2 Apparently they need a router as well as a switch for the network. Explain why they need both by describing the purpose of these two devices. (2)

3.1.3 Name the device that can function as a router, switch and a modem. (1)

3.2 3.2.1 Choose the best cabling to use in Gerrie's situation. (1)

3.2.2 All communication media have specific strengths and weaknesses. Name and discuss TWO weaknesses that can occur when the cable in QUESTION 3.2.1 is used. (4)

3.3 The employees working mostly outside the office make use of mobile technology and wireless connection.

3.3.1 If the device in QUESTION 3.1.3 does not allow wireless access to computing devices, outline a possible solution to connect wireless devices. (1)

3.3.2 State the main disadvantage of a wireless LAN compared to a cabled LAN. (1)

3.4 When a computer is connected to a network, it needs an IP address.

Explain what an IP address is. (2)

3.5 Gerrie needs to work from home, the office and sometimes in other remote places. He is advised to make use of a Virtual Private Network (VPN). Briefly explain how a VPN works. (2)

3.6 Gerrie developed an Internet site where clients can make credit card payments.

3.6.1 Name TWO safety features that must be visible on this site for the clients to be sure that their transactions are secure. (2)

3.6.2 Briefly explain how secure socket layer (SSL) can ensure that private electronic communication takes place. (2)

3.6.3 Identity theft can easily occur with unsecure URLs. Distinguish between *phishing* and *pharming* attacks. (4)

TOTAL SECTION C: 25

SECTION D: DATA AND INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

Gerrie's Travel Agency grew very quickly and the data and information got too complex to continue with their current system. They decided to switch over to a database management system.

QUESTION 4

- 4.1 What is the difference between *data* and *information*? Make use of an example to demonstrate your answer. (3)

- 4.2 Malware is malicious software that is designed to install itself without the user's knowledge, to negatively affect or harm a computer system.

As malware is a huge threat to data, Gerrie needs to be aware of malware and the protection against it.

- 4.2.1 Identify the threats that a *Trojan horse* and a *Rootkit* respectively can be to Gerrie. (2)

- 4.2.2 List THREE examples of precautions that Gerrie can follow to reduce malware threats. (3)

- 4.3 To capture all the data of the agency's clients, they have to make use of a database management system (DBMS).

- 4.3.1 List TWO functions of what DBMS software allows a user to do. (2)

- 4.3.2 Gerrie's Travel Agency is now using *Microsoft Access*. In which DBMS category does it fall? (1)

- 4.4 A database table has been set up with all the information needed for all the school children that are going on a tour with the agency. Examine the **TourData** table below and answer the questions that follow.

ChildName	C_Surname	ParentName	P_Surname	P_Cellphone	Grade	Child Email	TourName	Cost	StartDate	Paid	AmountDue
Johan	Blom	Charlize	Blom	0832282738	10	blommie@gmail.com	Euro South	R 35 000	2015/06/26	R 2 000	R 33 000
Elsabe	Duvenage	Susan	Duvenage	0847329282	11	Ella@yahoo.com	Euro South	R 35 000	2015/06/26	R 17 000	R 18 000
Esther	Joubert	Danie	Du Toit	0724049489	10	joubert.Es@mweb.co.za	Far East	R 15 000	2014/12/05	R 15 000	R 0
Ansa	Blom	Charlize	Blom	0832282738	12	Ansie@gmail.com	Namibia	R 3 200	2015/04/09	R 3 000	R 200
Peter	Sameuls	Jan	Sameuls	0712873748	11	Sampete@gmail.com	Far East	R 15 000	2014/12/05	R 8 000	R 7 000
Jonathan	Roux	Amanda	Roux	0738292833	11	Jonty@yahoo.co.za	Coast 2 Coast	R 2 800	2014/12/04	R 2 000	R 800
Maria	Claassens	Susan	Duvenage	0847329282	12	Prinsess@gmail.com	Euro South	R 35 000	2015/06/26	R 35 000	R 0

- 4.4.1 The table is clearly not normalised. What is the general aim of normalisation in a database? (2)

- 4.4.2 Which ONE of the fields above would you see as redundant? Give a reason for your answer. (2)

- 4.4.3 Show, via a diagram, how the database can be reorganised by splitting the table into THREE tables, using principles of normalisation. Clearly indicate the primary and foreign keys for each table as well as the relationship between the tables. (10 ÷ 2) (5)

TOTAL SECTION D: 20

SECTION E: SOLUTION DEVELOPMENT

QUESTION 5

An object-orientated (OOP) program, that is using a class, has been written to keep record of the children that are going on tour as well as the costs they owe the agency.

Analyse the following class diagram and answer the questions that follow.

TTourInfo	
-	fID, fName, fSurname : String
-	fAmount Paid : Real
+	<<constructor>> Create(sID, sName, sSurname : String)
+	SetAmountPaid(rAmountpaid : Real)
+	CalcAge : Integer //Age the person will become during the year
+	CalcAmountOwe
+	GetDOB : String //Date Of Birth
+	GetAmountOwe : Real
+	GetAge : String
+	ToString : String

5.1 Supply the name of:

5.1.1 ONE accessor method (1)

5.1.2 ONE mutator method (1)

5.1.3 ONE auxiliary method (1)

5.2 What will the ToString method be used for? (2)

5.3 Explain the concept of *parameter passing* by referring to the constructor

5.4 When the school children pay their money before a specific date, they receive 10% of their money paid back. A program is written to help the travel agency to calculate how much money each child should receive back.

Example of the visual representation of the arrays:

arrNames	Maria	Jesse	Sven	Dean	Wikus	Chris
arrMoney	1100	1300	1030	1130	1000	3900
	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	

5.4.1 Write down the statement that will calculate the 10% of money each child will receive back. You can write it either in Delphi, OR Java, OR in Pseudo Code.

The values of arrMoney should be overwritten. (4)

5.4.2 What will the value of arrMoney[2] be after the statement in QUESTION 5.4.1 is executed? (2)

- 5.5 Examine the following code written in Delphi and answer the questions that follow.

```

Private
iNumber,k,l,iRooms,iLeft, iTel : integer;
arrRoom1 : array[0..10] of string;
arrRoom2 : array[0..10] of string;
arrRoom3 : array[0..10] of string;

begin
  iRooms := 3;
  iLeft := 0;
  iNumber := iCount Div iRooms;
  if iCount MOD iRooms > 0
    then
      begin
        iLeft := iCount MOD iRooms;
        Case ileft of
          1 : arrRoomr1[0] := arrNames[1];
          2 : Begin
                  arrRoom1[0] := arrNames[1];
                  arrRoom2[0] := arrNames[2];
                end;
        end;
      end;
  k := 0;
  l := 0;
  while k <= iCount do
begin
  arrRoom1[] := arrNames[k+1];
  arrRoom2[] := arrNames[k+2];
  arrRoom3[] := arrNames[k+3];
  inc(k,3);
  inc(l);
end;

```

- 5.5.1 Related to the scenario, what do you think is the purpose of this piece of coding? (2)

- 5.5.2 Suppose arrNames looks as follow:

```

arrNames : array[1..MAX] of string = ('Ulrich', 'Armand', 'Gorden-Dean',
                                         'Gareth', 'Jacques', 'Wiam', 'Tristan',
                                         'Delarey');

```

What wil the output of the following segment be after the above coding is executed?

```

for k := 0 to iNumber do
begin
  redOutput.Lines.Add(arrRoom1[k]);
end;

```

(3)

- 5.5.3 What is it called when we assign a start value to a variable? (iLeft := 0) (1)

- 5.6 A database called **TourClient** contains the following fields: ChildID, ChildName, DaysOnTour, TotalPaid
- 5.6.1 Formulate an SQL statement that will display all the names of the children that will be on tour for more than 5 days. (3)
- 5.6.2 Formulate an SQL statement to calculate the cost per Child if the daily tour cost is R1034,50. Display the name and calculated cost (correct to 2 decimal places), in a field called Cost. (7)

TOTAL SECTION E: 30

SECTION F: INTEGRATED SCENARIO

QUESTION 6

Gerrie needs to buy a computing device for his tour leader, Karli. It is her responsibility to lead tour groups traveling all around the world. He received two deals with exactly the same price. They are now discussing the pros and cons.

Study the following two deals for computing devices and answer the questions that follow.



HP Pavilion 15 i5 Notebook

R8 999, 99

- Intel® Core i5-3210M Processor 2.60GHz
 - Windows 8
 - WLAN 802.11, Ethernet and Bluetooth connectivity
 - AMD Radeon 8670M 2GB dedicated graphics
 - DVD writer
 - 15.6" HD Brightview display
 - 6GB RAM
 - 1TB HDD



• 100

iPad WiFi 128GB Black (ME392)

R8 999, 99

- FaceTime HD camera
 - 128GB internal storage
 - 9.7" retina display
 - 1.2MP photos
 - 720p HD video
 - FaceTime video calling over WiFi
 - Face detection
 - Backside illumination
 - Tap to focus while recording
 - Video stabilization
 - Face detection
 - Backside illumination
 - 1 Year warranty

- 6.1 6.1.1 Give a broad definition of an *operating system*. (3)

 6.1.2 Name the operating systems used by device A **and** device B respectively. (2)

6.2 Battery life of mobile devices is crucial. Referring to device B, list AND explain **TWO** ways how power consumption can be reduced. (4)

- 6.3 6.3.1 Which ONE of the two devices has the largest storage capacity? (1)
- 6.3.2 What is the storage capacity of the device mentioned in QUESTION 6.3.1? (1)
- 6.4 According to the specifications of device A, there are 2 GB dedicated graphics available.
- 6.4.1 Differentiate between **dedicated** graphics and **integrated** graphics. (4)
- 6.4.2 Keeping the kind of work Gerrie does in mind, do you think he needs dedicated graphics? Supply a reason for your answer. (2)
- 6.5 Which ONE of the two devices would you suggest Gerrie to buy for Karli? Supply a reason for your answer. (2)
- 6.6 Karli still uses her personal computer. There are documents and files that she would like to use on both devices.
- 6.6.1 Instead of connecting the two devices to a personal network, what online service can she make use of to avoid the hassle of using portable/removable storage devices? (1)
- 6.6.2 List TWO advantages of using the service mentioned in QUESTION 6.6.1. (2)
- 6.7 Device B specifies the support of *FaceTime*.
- 6.7.1 What can Karli download so that she has a program that works similar to *FaceTime*? (1)
- 6.7.2 What is a *network protocol*? (2)
- 6.7.3 Identify the network protocol that will be used so that the program in QUESTION 6.7.1 can work. (1)
- 6.8 What is implied by 'retina display' (device B)? (2)
- 6.9 Karli is crazy about technology and has the ability to work with it.
- 6.9.1 What do we call the gap that occurs between people like Karli and those who do not have the ability to make use of technology? (1)
- 6.9.2 Identify THREE factors that can cause this gap identified in QUESTION 6.9.1. (3)

- 6.10 6.10.1 In Karli's situation, do you think she is making use of a *mobile office* or a *virtual office*? (1)
- 6.10.2 Prove your answer in QUESTION 6.10.1 by explaining the difference between a *mobile office* and a *virtual office*. Assess what is Karli's need in this situation. (3)
- 6.11 Karli wants her computer to make use of virtual machine software. Assess her choice by listing TWO reasons why you think she would want to make use of it. (2)
- 6.12 Gerrie also gave Karli a smartwatch to use during one her trips. Apart from normal watch functions, name TWO ways in which she can benefit using such a watch. (2)

TOTAL SECTION F: 40
GRAND TOTAL: 150

- 6.10 6.10.1 Dink jy Karlí mak in haar situasie gebruik van 'n mobiele kantoor of 'n virtuele kantoor?
 (1)
- 6.10.2 Bewys jou antwoord in VRAAG 6.10.1 deur die verskil tussen 'n mobiele kantoor of 'n virtuele kantoor.
 (3)
- 6.11 Karlí wil hê dat haar rekennaar van virtuele masjieneprogrammatuur gebruik moet maak.
 (2)
- 6.12 Gerrie het ook vir Karlí 'n slimhoerlosie (smartwatch) gegee om tydens een van haar toere te gebruik. Behalwe vir die normale horlosie-funksies,
 noem TWE maniere hoe sy kan baat vind met so'n horlosie.
 (2)

- 6.3 6.3.1 Watter EEN van die twee toestelle het die grootste stoorkapsiteit?
(1)
- 6.3.2 Wat is die stoorkapsiteit van die toestel wat in VRAGG 6.3.1 genoem is?
(1)
- 6.4 Volgens die spesifikasies van toestel A, is daar 2GB dedicated graphics (toegewyde grafika) beskikbaar.
(4)
- 6.4.1 Onderskei tussen dedicated graphics en integrated graphics (toegewyde grafika en geïntegreerde grafika).
(2)
- 6.4.2 Deur die tippe werk wat Gerrie doen in geelagte te hou, dink jy hy het toegewyde grafika nodig? Geen h redde vir jou antwoord.
(2)
- 6.5 Watter EEN van die twee toestelle sal jy voorstel moet Gerrie vir Karli koop? Geen h redde vir jou antwoord.
(2)
- 6.6 Karli gevraai nog steeds haar persoonlike rekennaar. Daar is dokumente en leers wat sy grag op albei toestelle sal wil gebruik.
6.6.1 In plas daarvan om die twee toestelle aan 'n persoonlike rekennaar te koppel, van water aantydens kan sy gebruik mak om die moete te vermy deur van dragbare of verafgeleie (remote) berigingsstoestelle gebruik te maak?
(1)
- 6.6.2 Lys TWEE voordele vir die gebruik van die diens wat in VRAGG 6.6.1 genoem is.
(2)
- 6.7 Toestel B spesifieer die ondersteuning van FaceTime.
(1)
- 6.7.1 Wat kan Karli afluai sodat sy 'n program het wat soortgelyk soos Facetime werk?
(1)
- 6.7.2 Wat is 'n netwerkprotokol?
(2)
- 6.7.3 Identifiseer die netwerkprotokol wat gebruik sal word sodat die program in VRAGG 6.7.1 kan werk.
(1)
- 6.8 Wat word met retina display (toestel B), geïmpleseer?
(1)
- 6.9 Karlis mal oor tegnologie en het die vermoë om daar mee te werk.
6.9.1 Wat word die gapping wat voorkom tussen mens Karli en diegene wat nie die vermoë het om met tegnologie te werk nie genoem?
(1)
- 6.9.2 Identifiseer DRIE faktore wat hierdie gaping wat in VRAGG 6.9.1 gevind is, kan veroorsak.
(3)

(†)

so.2 Batterijleeftyd van mobiele toestelle is uiterst belangrik. Met verwyssing na toestel B, noem EN verduidelik TWEE maniere hoe kraggebruik vermindert kan word.

(2)

6.1.2 Benoem die bedryfstellels wat onder skeidelikk in toesel A en toesel B gebruik word.

(ε)

6.1.1 Gee 'n breedvoerige definisie van 'n bedryfstelsel.



8



A

Bestudeer die volgende twee aanbiedings vir rekenaaropstelle en beantwoord die vragen wat volg.

Gerrie moet in rekenaartoestell vir sy toerleidsster, Karli Koop. Dit is har verantwoordelikhied om toergroepe wat regoor die wêreld reis, te lei. Hy het twee aanbedinge wat presies dieselfde kos, ontvanger. Hulle besprek nou die voor-en nadelle.

A F D E L I N G F: G E I N T E G R E R D E S C E N A R I O

TOTAL AFDELLING E: 30

- 5.6.1 Formuleer 'n SQL-stelling wat die naam van die leerders wat vir langer as 5 dae op toer sal wees, vertoon.
(3)
- 5.6.2 Formuleer 'n SQL-stelling om die koste per leerder te bereken as die daglikste toerkoste R1034,50 per dag is. Vertoon die naam en berekennde koste (korrek tot 2 desimale plekke) in 'n veld met die naam Koste.
(7)
- 5.6.3 In Databasis met die naam **Toeklient** bevat die volgende veldes:
LeerderID, LeerderNaam, DaagOptoer, TotaalBetaal.

(1)

5.5.3 Wat word dit genoem wanneer 'n beginwaarde aan 'n veranderlike toegeken word?

(3)

```
begin
    for k := 0 to INommer do
        redOutputLines.Add(arKamer1[k]);
    end;
```

Wat sal die afvoer van die volgende segment wees nadat bogenameerde kode uitgevoer is?

```
arrName : array[1..MAX] of string = ("Ulrich", "Armand", "Gordien-Dean",
                                      "Gareth", "Jacques", "William", "Tristan",
                                      "Delaney", "Michael-Lee");
```

5.5.2 Veronderstel arrName lyk soos volg:

(2)

5.5.1 Na anneidings van die scenario, wat dink jy is die doel van hierdiekode?

```
begin
    k := 0;
    arrKamer1[0] := arrName[1];
    arrKamer2[0] := arrName[2];
    arrKamer3[0] := arrName[3];
    iRes := iTel MOD ikamers;
    if iTel MOD ikamers > 0
        then
            begin
                arrKamer1[iRes] := arrName[1];
                arrKamer2[iRes] := arrName[2];
                arrKamer3[iRes] := arrName[3];
                iTel := iTel DIV ikamers;
            end;
    end;
```

5.5 Bestudeer die volgende kode wat in Delphi geskryf is en beantwoord die vrae wat volg.

(2)

VRAG 5.4.1 Uitgevoer is?

5.4.2 Wat sal die woorde van arrGeld[2] wees na die stelling in

(4)

Die woorde van ArrGeld moet oorgeskryf word (overwritten).

5.4.1 Skryf die stelling neer wat die 10% wat elke kind terug sal kry sal bereken. Makak gebruik van *Deiph*, OF *Java*, OF *Pseudocode*.

	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	...
arrName	Maria	Jesse	Sven	Dean	Wikus	Chris
ArrGeld	1100	1300	1030	1130	1000	3900

Voorbeeld van die visuele voorstelling van die skikkings:

5.4 Indien die skoolleerders hul geveld voor h spesifieke datum betaal, ontvango help om te bereken hoeveel geld elke leerder terug moet ontvang.
hulle 10% van hul gelede terug. h Program is geskryf wat die reisagentskap

(3)

5.3 Verduidelik die konsep van parameteroordrag deur na die constructor te verwys.

(2)

5.2 Waarvoor sal die *Tostring*-metode gebruik word?

(1)

5.1.3 EEN auxillary-metode

(1)

5.1.2 EEN mutator-metode

(1)

5.1.1 EEN accessor-metode

5.1 Verskaaf die naam van:

+ CalCDBedragVerskudig : String	//Date Of Birth - Geboortejaar
+ SetBedragBetaal : Real	//BedragBetaal : Betaal : Real
+ <<constructor>> Create(SID, SNaam, SVan : String)	die jar vir sal word
+ CalCOnderdom : Integer //Onderdom wat die persoon gedurende	die jar vir sal word
+ GetDOB : String	//DOB : String
+ GetBededragVerskudig : Real	GetBededragVerskudig : Real
+ GetTOuderdom : String	GetTOuderdom : String
+ ToString : String	ToString : String

Analiseer die volgende klassdiagram en beantwoord die vrae wat volg.

In Objectgeoriënteerd (OOP) program, wat van 'n klas gebruik mak, is geskryf om rekorde te hou van die leerders wat op die toer gaan sowel as die uitstaande gelede wat elkeen aan die agentskap skuld.

VRAG 5

AFDELING E: OPLÖSSINGSONTWIKKLING

TOTAL AFDELING D: 20

- 4.1 Wat is die verskil tussen data en **intelligenting**? Maak gebruik van hoorbeeld om jou antwoord te demonstreer. (3)
- 4.2 Malware is kwadwillige apparatuur wat ontwerp is om hulself, sonder die eiendom van die beskermende gebruiker, te verander. Angesien malware hul groot bedreiging vir data inhoud, moet Gerrie bewus wees van malware asook die beskerming daarneen.
- 4.2.1 Identifiseer die bedreigings wat h **Trojan horse and a Rootkit** onderskeidelik vir Gerrie kan inhoud. (2)
- 4.2.2 Lys DRIE voorbeelde van voorsorgmaatreëls wat Gerrie kan volg om malware bedreigings te verminder. (3)
- 4.3 Om al die data van die agentskap se kliente vas te le, moet hulle van h databasesbestuurstelsel (DBMS) gebruik maak. Om die data van die agentskap se kliente vas te le, moet hulle van h databasesbestuurstelsel (DBMS) gebruik maak. In Gerrie's Travel Agency mak nou gebruik van Microsoft Access. In wat vir DBMS-kategorie val dit? (1)
- 4.3.1 Lys TWEE funksies wat DBMS-programmatuur h gebruik ter toelat om te doen. (2)
- 4.3.2 Gerrie's Travel Agency maak nou gebruik van Microsoft Access. In wat vir DBMS-kategorie val dit? (1)
- 4.4 In Databasisstabel is opgestel met al die nodige intelligenting van al die skoolleerders wat sam met die agentskap op h toer gaan. Bestuderer die onderslaande **TourData**-tafel en beantwoord die vrae wat volg.
- | ChildName | C_Surname | P_Surname | P_Grade | P_Cellphone | P_Email | Child_Email | TourName | Cost | StarDate | Paid | AmountDue |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Johnan | Bloom | Charlize | Blom | 032228778 | 10 | blomme@gmail.com | Euro South | R 35 000 | 2021/06/26 | R 2 000 | R 33 000 |
| Johanne | Bloem | Charlene | Bloem | 032228778 | 11 | Eliz@yahoodo.co.za | Euro South | R 35 000 | 2021/06/26 | R 17 000 | R 18 000 |
| Elsabe | Bloem | Charlene | Bloem | 032228778 | 10 | blomme@gmail.com | Euro South | R 35 000 | 2021/06/26 | R 2 000 | R 33 000 |
| Esther | Doverage | Suzan | Doverage | 032228778 | 11 | Eliz@yahoodo.co.za | Euro South | R 35 000 | 2021/06/26 | R 17 000 | R 18 000 |
| Anesa | Blom | Charlene | Blom | 032228778 | 12 | Ansele@mail.com | Namibia | R 3 200 | 2021/04/09 | R 3 000 | R 200 |
| Peter | Samuels | Jean | Samuels | 072287348 | 11 | Samptere@gmail.com | Fair East | R 15 000 | 2021/12/05 | R 8 000 | R 7 000 |
| Jonathan | Roux | Amanda | Roux | 032228783 | 11 | Jonny@yahoodo.co.za | Coast 2 Coast | R 2 800 | 2021/12/04 | R 2 000 | R 800 |
| Mariet | Claassen | Susan | Claassen | 0847232282 | 12 | Prinses@gmail.com | Euro South | R 35 000 | 2021/06/26 | R 35 000 | R 0 |
- 4.4.1 Die tabel is duidelik genoem datbasis nie. Wat is die algemene doel van normalisering in h databasis? (2)
- 4.4.2 Watter EEN van die bostamide veldle sal jy as oorvoeding sien? Gee h rede vir jou antwoord. (2)
- 4.4.3 Gebruik h diagram om aan te toon hoe die databasis herorganiseer kan word deur die tabel in DRIE tabelle te verdeel deur gebruik te maak van normaliseringssbeginsels. Toon duidelik die primêre- en vreemde sleutels vir elke tabel aan, asook die verwantskappe tussen die tabelle. (5)

VRAAG 4

Gerrie's Travel Agency het baie vinnig gegroei en die data en intelligenting het te kompleks geraak om met hul huidige sisteme voort te gaan. Hulle het besluit om na h databasesbestuurstelsel oor te skakel.

AFDELING D: DATA- EN INLIGTINGSBESTUUR

TOTAL AFDELING C: 25

- 3.1 Met die opstel van die netwerk, het h paar vrae oopgedruk.
- 3.1.1 Wat is 'n netwerk? (3)
- 3.1.2 Blykbaar het h uille 'n router en 'n switch vir die netwerk nodig. (2)
- 3.1.3 Gee die naam van die toestel wat as 'n roteerder (*router*), switch en modem kan dien. (1)
- 3.2 3.2.1 Kies die beste bekabelling om in Gerrie se situasie te gebruik. (1)
- 3.2.2 Alle kommunikasiemedia het spesifieke sterkpunte en swakpunte. Noem en bespreek TWE swakpunte wat kan voorkom wanneer die kabbel in VRAGG 3.2.1 gebruik word. (4)
- 3.3 Die werkneemers wat meetstaal buite die kantoor werk, maak van mobiele tegnologie en koodlose konneksie gebruik. (3)
- 3.3.1 Indien die toestel genoem in VRAGG 3.1.3 nie koodlose toegang tot rekenaarstoestelle toelaat nie, voorsien 'n moonlike oplossing om koodlose toestelle te koppel. (1)
- 3.3.2 Noem die belangrikste nadadel van 'n koodlose LAN teenoor 'n bekaberde LAN. (1)
- 3.4 Wanneer 'n rekenaar aan 'n netwerk verbind word, benodig dit 'n IP-adres. Verduidelik wat 'n IP-adres is. (2)
- 3.5 Dit is vir Gerrie nodig om vanaf die huis, die kantoor en somtys in ander veralgemeen plekke te werk. Hy is aangeslaai om van 'n Virtuele Privatenetwerk (VPN) gebruik te maak. Verduidelik kortlik hoe 'n VPN werk. (2)
- 3.6 Gerrie het 'n Interneteenwerf ontwerp waar kliente kredietkaartdetails kan maak. (2)
- 3.6.1 Noem TWE veiligheidsmatreëls wat op die webtuiste vir die kliente sigbaar moet wees om seker te maak dat hul transaksies veilig is. (2)
- 3.6.2 Verduidelik kortlik hoe Secure Socket Layer (SSL) kan verseker dat private elektroniese komunikasie plasvind. (2)
- 3.6.3 Identiteitsdiestal kan maklik met onveilige URL's voorkom. (4)
- Onderskei tussen uitvoeringsbedrog (*phishing*) en pharming-aanvalle. (4)

VRAGG 3

Gerrie het baaie werkneemers. Diegene wat vir die administrasie en vooraf- besprekings verantwoordelik is, is in die kantoor gesetasioneer. Die ander neem groeppe op toere, gevoldiglik werk hulle binne en buite die kantoor. Om die oordrag van data en leers te vergemaklik oorweg Gerrie dit om al die rekenaarstoestelle in die kantoor aan 'n bekaberde netwerk te verbind.

AFDELING C: KOMMUNIKASIETEGNOLOGIE EN NETWERKTEGNOLOGIE



TOTAL AFDELING B: 20

- 2.3.4 Toe Gerrie 'n program wou uitvoer, kom hy agter dat die rekenaar 3GB RAM benodig, maar net 2GB RAM beskikbaar het.
- (a) Hoe kan hierdie probleem opgelos word sonder om nog RAM te koop?
- (b) Verduidelik kortlikks hoe jou oplossing in VRAG 2.3.4(a) werk.
- 2.4 Vir die beweiling van data het hulle wagwoord nodig om op die sisteme in te teken. Skep 'n sterke wagwoord wat Gerrie kan gebruik.

- 2.1 Waarana verwys die term modulêre ontwerp?
- Gerrie is die eienaar van Gerrie's Travel Agency. Om te reis het so maklik gevorder en Gerrie se besigheid floreer. Om te verskeer dat sy besigheid aanhou groei, moet hy op die voorpunt van tegnologieuse ontwikkeling wees.
- 2.2 Anngesien die SVE verantwoordelik is vir die masjienskuis, is dit een van die belangrikste komponente op die moederboard. Gerrie moet tussen h
- (4) Lys die VIER stappe van 'n masjienskuis.
- 2.2.1 Verduidelik die verskil tussen 'n Core 2 Duo verwerker teenoor 'n Quad Core verwerker.
- (2) Definieer elk van die volgende verwerkingsstegnieke. Ondersetu
- 2.2.3 Een van die belangrikste komponente van enige rekkenaar se verwerkingskomponente is die geheue.
- (2) Stem jy saam met die bovenoemde stelling? Motiever jou antwoord deur die rol van geheue te evaluer.
- 2.3.1 DDR is die nuutste geheue wat deur rekkenars gebruik word en staan vir Double Data Rate.
- 2.3.2 Watte aspek van die rekkenaar se werkverrigting sal verbeter word deur gebruik te maak van DDR-geheue in plas van normale RAM?
- (1) 2.3.3 Verduidelik kortlik hoe dataoordrag in DDR werk.
- (2)

SCENARIO**VRAAG 2****AFDELING B: STELSELTEGNOLOGIES**

TOTAL AFDELING A: 15

- 1.11 Standard gebruikers het volle beheer oor die rekennarstelesel.
 (2)
- Dui aan of die volgende stellings WAAR OF ONWAAR is. Waar die stelling
 (Jy mag nie slegs die woord "NIE" gebruik ten einde die stelling te verander
 ONWAAR is, herskryf die ondersstrepte gedekte om dit WAAR te maak.
 wanneer jy dit oorskryf nie.)
- 1.12 BitTorrent is 'n bediening-protokol wat vir die oordrag en deel van groot
 leers oor 'n netwerk van rekenaars, soos die Internet, gebruik word.
 (2)
- 1.13 In Service pack is 'n vrystelling van koreksies en nuwe eienskappe sedert
 die vrystelling van die oorspronklike programmaatuur.
 (1)

(1)

- D 10
C 3
B 7
A 2

ShowMessage(IntToStr(arr2Nom[3,2]));

```
stringGrid1.Cells[iKoI,iRy] := IntToStr(arr2Nom[iRy,iKoI]);
for iKoI := 1 to 4 do
  for iRy := 1 to 4 do
    begin
      arr2Nom[iRy,iKoI] := iTel;
      img(iTel);
    begin
      for iKoI := 1 to 4 do
        begin
          for iRy := 1 to 4 do
            begin
              iTel := 0;
            begin
              arr2Nom : array [1..4,1..4] of integer;
            end;
          end;
        end;
      end;
    end;
  end;
end;
```

1.10 Wat sal die afvoer van die showmessage in die volgende kode wees?

(1)

- D HTTP
C SMTP
B POP3
A FTP

1.9 Protokol wat gebruik word om leers tussen rekenaars oor te dra sodat dit na die bergrig geslaan kan word, staan as ... bekend.

(1)

- D ondersoek die hele program en skep 'n lys van foute wat hy voor eenlyn van 'n programma op 'n slag uit.
C skep 'n uitvoerbare leier.
B neem 'n hele programma en vertaal dit na masjienukode.
A teegeskou het.

1.8 'n Interpreteerder ...

(1)

- D Blogging
C Viablog
B Vlog
A Vblog

1.7 ... is 'n vorm van joernaal wat video as medium gebruik.

(1)

- D PDA
C iDFA
B RFID
A Zipp

1.6 ... maak gebruik van radioseine om met 'n transponder, wat aan 'n persoon, dier of objek gekoppel is, te kommunikeer.

- 1.1 In Super Vinnigie Konneksieteknologie wat veelvuldige Konneksies kan ondersteun word 'n ... genoem.
- (1) Verskeie opsiges word as moontlike antwoorde op die volgende vrae gegee. Kies (1.1-1.10) in die ANTWOORDEBOEK neer.
- 1.1.1 Die korrekte antwoord en skryf slegs die letter (A-D) langs die vragnommer.
- 1.1.2 Wat ter EEN van die volgende opsiges is VERKEERD aangetande kasberging?
- 1.1.3 'n Tipiese leersysteem wat deur Windows gebruik word, is ...
- 1.1.4 ... is 'n opgradering van WiFi.
- 1.2 Kasberging is 'n spesiale type hoe spoedgheue wat op die moederbord ingebou is.
- 1.2.1 Kasgeheue is 'n spesiale type hoe spoedgheue wat op die vinniger medium te vertrek.
- 1.2.2 Kasberging voorkom 'n stadiiger medium om die werkverrigting van 'n word as wat dit sou wees in die geval wanneer toeganig direk vanaf die stadieger medium verky sou word nie.
- 1.2.3 Kasberging verseker dat die vinniger medium nie so stadiig gemaak word as wat nodig is nie – dit gaan hielik groter blok data.
- 1.2.4 WINFS.
- 1.3.1 Kasberging die volgende bandwydte-opsiges van groot na klein:
- | | |
|---|--------------|
| A | 4G, 3G, EDGE |
| B | EDGE, 3G, 4G |
| C | 3G, EDGE, 4G |
| D | EDGE, 4G, 3G |
- 1.4.1 Rangskik die volgende bandwydte-opsiges van groot na klein:
- | | |
|---|-------|
| A | WiMax |
| B | WiFi |
| C | WIFI |
| D | WIFAx |

VRAAG 1: MEERVOLDIGEKEUSE-VRAE

AFDELING A: MEERVOLDIGEKEUSE-VRAE EN WAAR OF ONWAAR

1. Hierdie vraestel bestaan uit SES afdeelinings:
2. Lees AL die vrae aandagting deur.
3. Beanwoord AL die vrae.
4. Die punttekenning gee oor die algemeen 'n aanduiding van die hoeveelheid feite/redes wat vereis word.
5. Nommer die antwoordde korrek volgens die nommeringstelsel wat in hierdie vraestel gebruik word.
6. Skryf netjies en leesbaar.

AFDELING A: Meeroudigkeuse-vrae (15)
 AFDELING B: Stelseltegnologie (20)
 AFDELING C: Komunikasiestegnologie en Netwerktegnologie (20)
 AFDELING D: Data- en lugtintigsontwikkeling (25)
 AFDELING E: Oplossingsontwikkeling (30)
 AFDELING F: Geïntegreerde Scenario's (40)

INSTRUKSIES EN INLIGTING

Hierdie vreesel bestaan uit 15 bladsye.



TYD: 3 uur

PUNTE: 150

INLIGTINGSSTEGNOLOGIE V2

SEPTEMBER 2014

GRAAD 12

SENIOR SERTIFIKAAT
NASIONALE