

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 12

SEPTEMBER 2019

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1
(Deaf)**

MARKS: 150

TIME: 3 hours



This question paper has 14 pages, including an answer sheet and
addendum with 3 annexures.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This question paper has FIVE questions. Answer ALL the questions.
2. 2.1 Use the addendum with ANNEXURE A for QUESTION 1.3
ANNEXURE B for QUESTION 2.4
ANNEXURE C for QUESTION 4
- 2.2 Write your NAME and GRADE in the spaces provided(given) on the
ANSWER SHEET FOR QUESTION 2.3.2
Hand in the ANSWER SHEET with your ANSWER BOOK.
3. Number the answers correctly.
4. Maps and diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale, unless stated otherwise.
5. Round off ALL final answers according to the context used, unless stated otherwise.
6. Indicate(show) units of measurement, where applicable(needed).
7. Start EACH question on a NEW page.
8. Show ALL calculations clearly.
9. You may use an approved calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical), unless stated otherwise.
10. Write neatly and legibly(clearly).

QUESTION 1

- 1.1 Jane's bank balance (what's left) at the end of January 2019 was -R2 530. The employer(boss) deposited (put in) her net (take home) salary on 01/2/2019 into her bank account and the new balance (what's left) was R8 750.

1.1.1 Calculate the net (take home) salary amount that was deposited (put in) into Jane's bank account. (2)

1.1.2 Calculate Jane's gross(total) salary if her gross salary(total) is 175% of the new balance (what's left). (2)

1.2

On the 9th of February 2019 at 14:35, Jane withdrew R500 for shopping. Her bank charges R2 + 0, 75% of the amount withdrawn above R500. She arrived at home at 16:21 after shopping.

1.2.1 Calculate the bank charges for withdrawing the R500. (2)

1.2.2 Jane bought a dress that was advertised as shown in the picture below.



1.2.2 Calculate the price Jane paid for the dress after the discount. (2)

1.2.3 Determine (find out) the elapsed(passed/) time from the time she withdrew the money to the time she arrived home. (2)

- 1.3 ANNEXURE A shows a picture of an 800 g loaf of brown bread, its ingredients and nutritional values.

Use the ANNEXURE A to answer the questions.

- 1.3.1 Determine (find out) the number of slices in the 800 g bread if they were sliced equally. (2)
- 1.3.2 Determine (find out) the mass of the sugar in a loaf of brown bread. (2)
- 1.3.3 Calculate the number of joules (J) in 1 003,90 (kJ). (2)
- 1.3.4 Calculate the cost of two slices of bread in a sandwich if the loaf is priced at R14,99. (2)

- 1.4 A scale of 1 : 500 000 was used on a map of South Africa.

Use the above information to answer the questions.

- 1.4.1 Name the type of scale used on the map. (2)
- 1.4.2 Determine (find out) the actual distance on the ground in kilometre (km) represented by the 500 000 cm. (2)

- 1.5 TABLE 1 below shows the percentage pass (% Pass) of learners in Eastern Cape Districts in 2018 NSC Results (Grade 12) in Mathematical Literacy.

TABLE 1: PERCENTAGE PASS OF LEARNERS IN EASTERN CAPE DISTRICTS IN 2018 NSC RESULTS (GR 12) IN MATHEMATICAL LITERACY

Name of District	No. of learners who wrote	% Pass
Alfred Nzo East	1 314	61,0
Alfred Nzo West	2 226	61,5
Amathole East	2 247	53,3
Amathole West	2 605	50,2
Buffalo City	4 438	72,1
Chris Hani East	976	56,0
Chris Hani West	2 729	64,5
Joe Gqabi	1 436	61,7
Nelson Mandela Metro	5 227	75,8
OR Tambo Coastal	2 747	61,1
OR Tambo Inland	2 146	69,2
Sarah Baartman	1 940	70,6
TOTAL	30 031	64,4

[Source: ecdoe.co.za]

- 1.5.1 Name the district with the highest percentage pass. (2)
- 1.5.2 Arrange(sort) the pass percentage of the districts in ascending (moving upward) order. (2)
- 1.5.3 Name the districts that obtained(got) a better percentage pass than Chris Hani West. (2)
- 1.5.4 Calculate the percentage of learners that failed in OR Tambo Inland. (2)
- 1.5.5 For the 2018 Eastern Cape results, write down the probability of a randomly selected learner who passed Mathematical Literacy. (2)

[32]

QUESTION 2

- 2.1 First National Bank charges(prices) per e-Wallet transaction within South Africa or to the neighbouring countries. TABLE 2 shows the fees charged(priced) on e-Wallet transactions and TABLE 3 shows Nomonde's e-Wallet transactions.

TABLE 2: TRANSACTION FEE CHARGE_(price) AMOUNTS PER COUNTRY

Amount in Rands	Within South Africa	To Mozambique
20 – 500	R10,95	R45
501 – 1 000	R10,95	R45
1 001 – 2 000	R10,95	R70
2 001 – 3 000	R10,95	R105

[Source: First National Bank (FNB)]

TABLE 3: NOMONDE'S E-WALLET TRANSACTIONS FROM DECEMBER 2018 to FEBRUARY 2019

Transaction date	Cellphone number	Amount sent in Rand	Country
2018/12/29	082 456 2011	500	South Africa
2018/12/21	073 558 2014	450	South Africa
2018/12/18	063 656 2015	2 250	Mozambique
2018/12/07	082 456 2011	100	South Africa
2018/12/06	063 425 1972	300	South Africa
2018/12/03	082 456 2011	1 200	Mozambique
2018/11/22	074 789 5630	100	South Africa
2019/01/20	084 132 1234	350	South Africa
2019/02/14	082 737 7487	1 600	Mozambique
		Total sent	

Use TABLE 2 and TABLE 3 above to answer the questions.

- 2.1.1 Calculate the total amount Nomonde sent. (2)
- 2.1.2 Write down the cellphone number of the person who received the highest amount. (2)
- 2.1.3 Calculate the total bank charges_(priced) for the e-Wallet transactions made to Mozambique. (3)

2.2

Masakhane community rents its hall at a cost of R750 per event hosted. The local municipality provides the community a fixed monthly income of R500 to assist in maintaining its hall facilities.

TABLE 4 shows the total monthly income for the hall depending on number of events hosted_(held).

TABLE 4: TOTAL MONTHLY INCOME FOR THE HALL

Number of events hosted _(held) in a month	0	1	3	5	10
Income in Rands (R)	B	1 250	2 750	C	8 000

The community uses the formula below to calculate total monthly income.

$$\text{Total monthly income} = \text{R500} + (\text{R750} \times \text{number of events hosted in a month})$$

Use the above income formula to calculate the missing values.

2.2.1 **B** (2)

2.2.2 **C** (3)

2.3

The monthly fixed expenses_(costs) to maintain_(keep) the hall facilities_(services) is R3 000 and an additional expense_(cost) of R250 per event hosted_(held). TABLE 5 shows the total monthly expenses_(costs).

TABLE 5: TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES_(costs) FOR THE HALL

Number of events hosted _(held) in a month	0	1	3	D	10
Total monthly expense _(cost) in Rands (R)	3 000	3 250	3 750	4 250	5 500

2.3.1 Use the following formula to calculate the value of **D**, the number of events.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total monthly expenses} \\ = \text{R3 000} + (\text{R250} \times \text{number of events hosted}_{\text{(held)}} \text{ in a month}) \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

2.3.2 On the ANSWER SHEET a straight-line graph of monthly income (I) has been drawn. Use TABLE 5 to draw another straight-line graph on the same grid of the monthly expenses_(costs) (E). (4)

Use the graphs to answer the following questions.

2.3.3 Determine (find out) the number of events in a month that Masakhane community must host_(hold) to break even. (2)

- 2.3.4 Determine (find out) the profit Masakhane community would make if it hosted (held) 8 events. (2)

- 2.4 Masakhane community purchased (bought) a UHD digital television from a furniture store on hire purchase. The hire purchase agreement is shown on ANNEXURE B.

Use ANNEXURE B to answer the questions that follow.

- 2.4.1 Calculate the deposit amount paid by Masakhane on the Hire Purchase. (2)

- 2.4.2 Explain the term “*credit*” in this context. (2)

- 2.4.3 Calculate the interest amount Masakhane pays every month. (2)

- 2.4.4 Determine (find out) the date (month and year) for the payment of last instalment. (2)

- 2.4.5 Calculate the Value Added Tax (VAT = 15%) amount on the insurance. (3)

- 2.5 Masakhane received a donation of £500 (British Pounds) GBP from a non-profit organisation following their request for assistance (help)
TABLE 6 shows the bank exchange rates and bank charges (prices) at the time of exchange.

TABLE 6: EXCHANGE RATES AND BANK CHARGES

CURRENCY	BUY	SELL
£1	R17,268	R18,087
Bank charges: 3% of the Rand value of the amount exchanged		

Use TABLE 6 above to answer the questions that follow.

- 2.5.1 Identify (find) the exchange rate the bank will use to exchange Masakhane’s £500. (2)

- 2.5.2 Calculate the Rand amount Masakhane will receive from £500. (5)

[41]

QUESTION 3

- 3.1 Onke wants to buy a cricket kit. TABLE 7 shows information that guides a player on sizes to buy. The sizes are indicated_(shown) in feet (') and inches (")



TABLE 7: INFORMATION GUIDE ON SIZES

Bat size	Height of batsman (feet ' and inches ")	Bat length (inches ")	Bat Width (inches ")
2	4' 3" – 4' 6"	$27\frac{3}{4}$ "	3,5 "
3	4' 6" – 4' 9"	$28\frac{3}{4}$ "	3,5 "
4	4' 9" – 4' 11"	$29\frac{3}{4}$ "	3,75 "
5	4' 11" – 5' 2"	$30\frac{3}{4}$ "	4 "
6	5' 2" – 5' 5"	$31\frac{3}{4}$ "	4 "

[Source: www.talencricket.co.uk]

- 3.1.1 Write down the cricket bat length (in decimal inches) for a batsman whose height is 4' 10". (2)
- 3.1.2 Convert a size 2 bat width to centimetres (cm).
You may use: 1" = 2,54 cm (3)
- 3.1.3 Identify_(find) the maximum height of a player who bought a cricket bat size 6. (2)
- 3.1.4 Calculate the Body Mass Index (BMI) of a cricket player who has a height of 1,65 m with a weight of 62 kg.
You may use the following formula: $BMI = \frac{\text{weight in kilograms}}{(\text{height in metres})^2}$ (2)

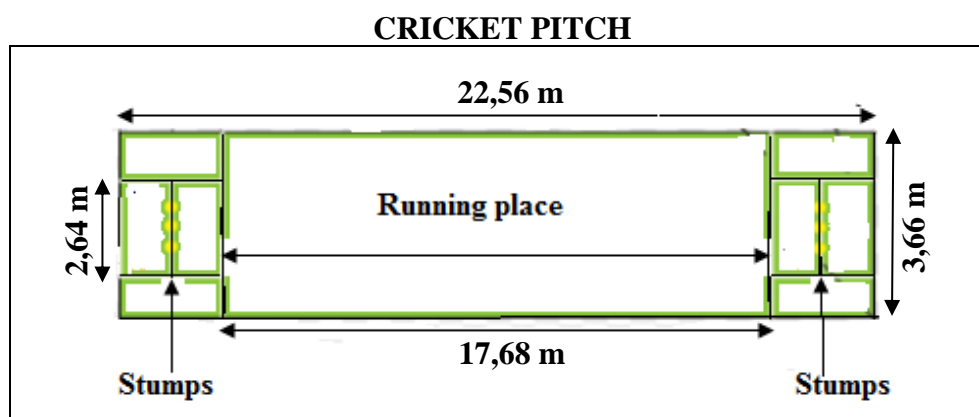
- 3.2 Nontando kept water bottles in a rectangular box with ice cubes in order to sell them to the cricket spectators (*people watching*) Study the container below and answer the questions.

RECTANGULAR BOX	DIAGRAM OF A RECTANGULAR BOX
	

[Source: pioneerplastics.co.za]

- 3.2.1 Write down the width of the box in centimetres. (2)
- 3.2.2 Calculate the volume (in cm^3) of ONE rectangular box.
You may use the formula: Volume = Length \times Width \times Height (3)
- 3.2.3 Determine (*find out*) how many litres of water the box can hold.
 $1\,000\text{ cm}^3 = 1\text{ litre}$ (2)

- 3.3 A diagram of the cricket pitch(*field*) is shown below. Study the diagram and answer the questions that follow.



[Source: wikimapia.org]

- 3.3.1 Explain the term '*perimeter*'. (2)
- 3.3.2 Calculate the perimeter of the area where the players run during cricket overs.
You may use the formula: Perimeter = 2 (length + width) (2)
- 3.3.3 Calculate the area (m^2) of the cricket pitch.
You may use the formula: Area = Length \times Width (3)

[23]

QUESTION 4

ANNEXURE C shows the map of a part of the Great Wall of China and distances between places. Sections are numbered from 1 to 8. Use ANNEXURE C to answer the questions that follow.

- 4.1 Identify(**find**) the reservoir(**s**)(**tanks**) located(**placed**) west of Section 5. (2)
- 4.2 Give the general direction of Yangqing from Mentougou. (2)
- 4.3 A person wants to travel from Changping to section 4.
- (a) Calculate the distance using the mountain road. (2)
- (b) Calculate the difference in distance from Changping to section 4 using the mountain road and using the highway through Beijing. (3)
- 4.4 Andile travelled from Mentougou to Beijing, proceeded(**continued**) to Shunyi and turned right. The next town was his destination. Name this town. (2)
- 4.5 Determine (**find out**) how long it took Andile (in minutes) to drive from Beijing to Shunyi, a distance of 30 km at an average speed of 50 km/h.
You may use the formula:
- $$\text{Time} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Speed}} \quad (3)$$
- 4.6 Mr Wong drove from Beijing to Changping, then to Mentougou and back to Beijing covering a total distance of 121,7 km. Calculate the distance from Beijing to Mentougou. (2)

[16]

QUESTION 5

5.1

TABLE 8 shows the number of passenger vehicles sales for each province up to November 2017.

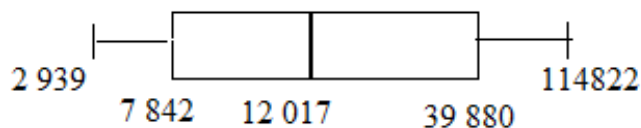
TABLE 8: PASSENGER VEHICLES SALES FOR EACH PROVINCE UP TO NOVEMBER 2017

SALES			
Province	October 2017	November (Nov) 2017	Total sales up to Nov 2017
Eastern Cape	1 129	Y	12 017
Free State	657	640	7 002
Gauteng	10 412	10 983	114 822
KwaZulu Natal	3 795	3 985	41 912
Limpopo	963	971	9 447
Mpumalanga	1 228	1 267	13 071
North West	742	753	8 681
Northern Cape	281	256	2 939
Western Cape	3 577	3 334	37 848
TOTAL	22 784	23 415	247 739

[Source: Lightstone.created with datawrapper]

- 5.1.1 Calculate the total number of passenger vehicles sold in North West province during October 2017 and November 2017. (2)
- 5.1.2 Name the province that sold second most passenger cars up to November 2017. (2)
- 5.1.3 Determine (find out) the number of cars sold nationally from January to September 2017. (3)
- 5.1.4 For the national total sales up to November 2017, determine (find out) the probability (as a percentage) that a vehicle selected randomly was sold in Western Cape. (4)
- 5.1.5 Determine (find out) the value of Y, the number of cars sold in November 2017 in the Eastern Cape. (3)
- 5.1.6 Explain the meaning of the term “range”. (2)
- 5.1.7 Determine (find out) the range for provincial passenger vehicles sales in October. (3)
- 5.1.8 Calculate the mean of the passenger vehicles sold nationally up to November 2017. (3)

- 5.1.9 Calculate the Interquartile Range (IQR) for the total passenger vehicle sales up to November 2017 for the provinces using the box and whisker scale given below.



(3)

- 5.2 TABLE 9 shows the population_(people) and net migrants of India for the period 2013-2019.

The net migrant value is negative when the number of people leaving a country is more than the number of people coming into the country.

TABLE 9: POPULATION AND NET MIGRANTS OF INDIA FOR THE PERIOD 2013-2019

Period	Population (in billions)	Migrants (net) (in millions)	Urban population (in millions)
2019	1,37	-4,9	4,6
2018	1,35	-4,9	4,4
2017	1,34	-4,9	4,3
2016	1,32	-4,9	4,2
2015	1,30	-5,5	4,1
2014	1,23	-3,9	3,29
2013	1,14	-1,43	2,88

[Adapted from worldometers.info]

Use TABLE 9 to answer the questions that follow.

- 5.2.1 In which year did India have the least number of people leaving the country as compared to the number of people coming to the country? (2)
- 5.2.2 Express_(show) the 2015 population_(people) value in number format. (2)
- 5.2.3 Determine _(find out) the mode for the net migrants. (2)
- 5.2.4 Write down the year in which the Urban population _(people) grew the most. (2)
- 5.2.5 Determine _(find out) the probability (as a common fraction), of randomly selecting a year from 2013 to 2019 with an urban population_(people) of less than 4, 2 million. (2)
- 5.2.6 Calculate the difference between the 2013 population_(people) and 2013 urban population_(people). (3)

[38]

TOTAL: 150

ANSWER SHEET FOR QUESTION 2.3.2

NAME OF CANDIDATE:

GRADE 12:

MASAKHANE COMMUNITY HALL: GRAPH FOR INCOME (I)/EXPENSES (E)
IN RANDS