

Iphondo leMpuma Kapa: Isebe leMfundo
Provinsie van die Oos Kaap: Department van Onderwys
Poratonsie Va Kapa Botiahahala: Lefanha la Thuto

## CHIEF DIRECTORATE: EXAMINATIONS AND ASSESSMENT

Steve Vukile Tshwete Complex, Zone 6 Zwelitsha, 5608, Private Bag X0032, Bhisho, 5605 REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA: Enquiries: Mr H. West. Tel: 040 602 7031 . Fax: 040 602 7295. E-mail: <a href="mailto:Hadley.West@ecdoe.gov.za">Hadley.West@ecdoe.gov.za</a>

Website: www.ecdoe.gov.za

Ref. no.: 13/P Tel.: (040) 602 7028/082 391 1342

Enquire: Mr H. West Fax: 040 602 7295

## **NOTIFICATION**

TO: ALL PRINCIPALS OF TECHNICAL SCHOOLS IN THE FET BAND AND

**DISTRICT HEADS OF EXAMINATIONS** 

FROM: MRS P. E. JAPHTA

(a) CES: ASSESSMENTS INSTRUMENT DEVELOPMENT AND ITEM

**BANK MANAGEMENT SUBDIRECTORATE** 

SUBJECT: TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS PAPER 1 PREPARTORY EXAMS ERRATA

DATE: 10 September 2024

The Technical Mathematics P 1 Grade 12 for Preparatory Examinations 2024 was written on Friday, the 06 September 2024. We were made aware of an error that was discovered in the marking guidelines of question 2.2, 3.3.2, 4.2.2, 4.2.3, 4.2.4, 5.2.2, 6.1, 8.2 and 9.1.1.

The amendment with regards to the marking was prepared in conjunction with the Examiner and the Moderator of the paper. This amendment addresses the error and also ensures that Learners are not disadvantaged and so the following standardised approach to marking must be adopted across the province:

## **ERRATA**

	ERROR	RECOMMENDATION	CODE DESCRIPTORS
2.2	$b^2 - 4ac > 0$	$b^2 - 4ac > 0$	$\checkmark \Delta > 0$
	$(2q)^2 - 4(-3)(-1) > 0$	$(2q)^2 - 4(-3)(-1) > 0$	<b>A</b>
	$4q^2 - 12 > 0$	$4q^2 - 12 > 0$	Z G 1
	$q^2 > 3$	$q^2 > 3$	✓ Substitution A
	$q > \pm \sqrt{3}$ $\therefore q > \sqrt{3}$	$q < -\sqrt{3}$ or $q > \sqrt{3}$	A
	$\therefore q > \sqrt{3}$		
			$\checkmark q < -\sqrt{3} \text{ or } q > \sqrt{3}$
			CA
			(3)





	ERROR	RECOMMENDATION	CODE DESCRIPTORS
3.3.2	$z = 2\operatorname{cis}60^{0}$ $z = 2\operatorname{cos}60^{0} + i\operatorname{sin}60^{0}$	$z = 2\operatorname{cis}60^{0}$ $z = 2\left(\cos 60^{0} + i\sin 60^{0}\right)$	$\checkmark \frac{1}{2}$ CA
	$=2\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i\right)$	$=2\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i\right)$ $z = 1 + \sqrt{3}i$	$ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{CA} \\ \checkmark \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{array} $
	$z = 1 + \sqrt{3}i$	$z = 1 + \sqrt{3}i$	$ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{CA} \\ \mathbf{CA} \\ \checkmark z = 1 + \sqrt{3}i \end{array} $
			(3)
4.2.2	x + p = q $1 + p = 0$	q = 2	(3) ✓ q = 2 A
	p = -1		(1)
422	q = 2		
4.2.3	$k(x) = \frac{m}{x-1} + 2$ $0 = \frac{m}{-5} + 2$	$k(x) = \frac{m}{x} + 2$ $0 = \frac{m}{-5} + 2$ $-2 = \frac{m}{-5}$ $m = 10$	✓ Substitution A ✓ Simplification CA
	$-2 = \frac{m}{-5}$ $m = 10$	$-2 = \frac{m}{-5}$ $m = 10$	$\checkmark m = 10$ CA
			(3)
4.2.4	$f\left(x\right) = g\left(x\right)$	f(x) = g(x)	
	$\frac{10}{x-1} + 2 = 2x - 8$	$f(x) = g(x)$ $\frac{10}{x} + 2 = 2x - 8$	✓ Equating A
	$\frac{10}{x-1} = 2x-10$	$\frac{10}{x} = 2x - 10$	
	(x-1)(2x-10) = 10	x(2x-10) = 10	✓ Simplification CA





Iphondo leMpuma Kapa: Isebe leMfundo Provinsie van die Oos Kaap: Department van Onderwys

$x^2 - 12x + 10 - 10 = 0$	$2x^2 - 10x - 10 = 0$	✓ Standard form
	2.0 10.0 10 0	A
$x^2 - 12x = 0$	$x^2 - 5x - 5 = 0$	
x(x-12)=0	$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{(-5)^2 - 4(1)(-5)}}{2(1)}$	✓ Factors <b>CA</b>
x = 0  or  x = 12	x = 5,9 or $x = -0,9$	$\checkmark x = 5.9$ <b>CA</b>
		$\checkmark x = -0.9$ <b>CA</b>
		(6)

Total amount owed = R23 808 + R992 = R24 800	Total amount owed = R23 808 + R4 808 = R28 600	✓ R28 600 CA
$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-\frac{1}{3}(x+h) - 4 - \left(-\frac{1}{3}x - 4\right)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}h - 4 + \frac{1}{3}x + 4}{h}$	AO = FULL MARKS	✓ Definition A  ✓ Substitution A  ✓ Simplification CA
$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-\frac{h}{3}}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} -\frac{1}{3}$ $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{3}$		✓ Further simplification <b>CA</b> ✓ $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{3}$ <b>CA</b> (5)
	$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-\frac{1}{3}(x+h) - 4 - \left(-\frac{1}{3}x - 4\right)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}h - 4 + \frac{1}{3}x + 4}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-\frac{1}{3}h}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} -\frac{1}{3}$	$= R24 800$ $R23 808 + R4 808$ $= R28 600$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-\frac{1}{3}(x+h) - 4 - \left(-\frac{1}{3}x - 4\right)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}h - 4 + \frac{1}{3}x + 4}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-\frac{1}{3}h}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} -\frac{1}{3}$ $= \lim_{h \to 0} -\frac{1}{3}$





8.2	Also	consider:
-----	------	-----------

$$h(0) = -2(0)^2 + 9, 2(0) + 2$$
  
= 2 °C

✓ Coordinates

$$h(2,3) = -2(2,3)^2 + 9, 2(2,3) + 2$$
  
= 12.58 °C

✓ Substitution

Rate of change = 
$$\frac{12,58 - 2}{2,3-0}$$

**√** 4,6

Rate of change =4,6°C

(3)

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline
9.1.1 & \int -4^{2t} dt = \frac{-4^{2t}}{2\ln 2} + c & \int -4^{2t} dt = \frac{-4^{2t}}{2\ln 4} + c & \sqrt{\frac{-4^{2t}}{2\ln 4}} \\
& & A \\
& \checkmark c & A
\end{array}$$
(2)

Popoliser

MRS P. E. JAPHTA

20 /09/24

(a) CES: ASSESSMENTS INSTRUMENT DEVELOPMENT AND ITEM BANK MANAGEMENT SUBDIRECTORATE

DATE





