



NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

JUNE 2025

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES MARKING GUIDELINE (BACK-UP)

MARKS: 150

This question paper consists of 12 pages.

SECTION A

QUESTION 1

- 1.1 1.1.1 B ✓ ✓
 - 1.1.2 C ✓ ✓
 - 1.1.3 C ✓ ✓
 - 1.1.4 B ✓ ✓
 - 1.1.5 C ✓ ✓
 - 1.1.6 D ✓ ✓
 - 1.1.7 A ✓ ✓
 - 1.1.8 B ✓ ✓
 - 1.1.9 C ✓ ✓
 - 1.1.10 D ✓ ✓
- 1.2 1.2.1 None ✓ ✓
 - 1.2.2 B only ✓ ✓
 - 1.2.3 Both A and B $\checkmark \checkmark$
 - 1.2.4 A only ✓ ✓
 - 1.2.5 A only ✓ ✓
- 1.3 1.3.1 Assimilation ✓ ✓
 - 1.3.2 Sustainable medication $\checkmark \checkmark$
 - 1.3.3 Ovigenesis/Oogenesis ✓ ✓
 - 1.3.4 Superovulation ✓ ✓
 - 1.3.5 Cryptorchidism ✓ ✓
- 1.4 1.4.1 Maintenance ration ✓
 - 1.4.2 Vaccination/immunisation ✓
 - 1.4.3 Pheromones ✓
 - 1.4.4 Leydig ✓
 - 1.4.5 Cloning ✓
 - TOTAL SECTION A: 45

(5 x 1)

(10 x 2) (20)

(5 x 2) (10)

(5 x 2) (10)

(5)

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SECTION B

2.1

QUESTION 2: ANIMAL NUTRITION

The alimentary canal of a farm animal

	2.1.1	 Identification of parts D – Omasum ✓ F – Rectum ✓ 	(2)
	2.1.2	Classification of the alimentary canal of the farm animal Ruminant ✓	(1)
	2.1.3	Justification• Has complex/compound stomach ✓• Has rumen/reticulum/omasum/abomasum ✓(Any 1 x 1)	(1)
	2.1.4	Identification of letters: (a) $F \checkmark$ (b) $A \checkmark$ (c) $G \checkmark$	(1) (1) (1)
	2.1.5	Part of the fowl performing same function as abomasum Pro-ventriculus ✓	(1)
2.2	Vitami	n or mineral deficiencies	
	2.2.1	Osteomalacia – Vitamin D/phosphorus/calcium ✓	(1)
	2.2.2	Night blindness – Vitamin A/retinol ✓	(1)
	2.2.3	Goitre – Iodine ✓	(1)
	2.2.4	Anaemia – Iron/copper/vitamin B6 ✓	(1)

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2.3 Calculation of digestibility coefficient of hay

2.3.1
DM of hay =
$$\frac{85}{100}$$
 x 19 kg = 16,15 kg \checkmark
DC = $\frac{DM \text{ feed intake (kg)} - DM \text{ manure (kg)}}{DM \text{ feed intake (kg)}}$ x 100 \checkmark
DC = $\frac{16,15 \text{ kg} - 2,5 \text{ kg}}{16,15 \text{ kg}}$ x 100 \checkmark
DC = 84,5 \checkmark % \checkmark (5)
2.3.2 TWO methods to improve digestibility of hay
Cutting/grinding \checkmark
Pelleting \checkmark

- Pelleting ✓
- Crushing ✓ •
- Soaking/adding molasses ✓ •
- Supplementing with NPN ✓ (Any 2 x 1) (2) •

2.4 Ratio formulation for farm animals

2.4.1 Calculation of nutritive ration of FEED A

$$NR = 1 : \frac{TDN(\%) - DP(\%)}{DP(\%)} \checkmark$$

$$NR = 1 : \frac{90\% - 10\%}{10\%} \checkmark$$

$$NR = 1 : 8 \checkmark$$
(3)

2.4.2 The feed most suitable for growing lambs FEED B ✓ (1)

2.4.3 Justification

- Has more proteins / FEED B has 20% of DP and FEED A has 10% DP √
- Narrow NR ✓
- (Any 1 x 1) • The NR is less than 1 : 6 ✓ (1)

2.5 Energy value of feeds

2.5.1	 TWO important aspects of Net Energy Maintenance ✓ Production/work/lactation/reproduction ✓ 	(2 x 1)	(2)
2.5.2	 TWO purposes for calculating energy value of feed Formulation of animal ration ✓ 		

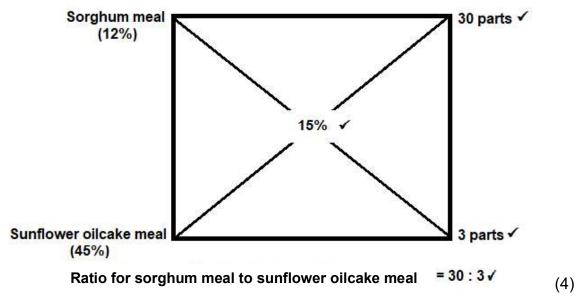
- Determine animal diet ✓
- Determine feeding standards for animals ✓ (Any 2 x 1) (2) •

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2.6 Formulation of the ration

2.6.1 Pearson's square method calculation



2.6.2 The percentage of sunflower oil cake meal in the mixture

•
$$\frac{3}{33} \times 100 \checkmark$$

(3) **[35]**

QUESTION 3: ANIMAL PRODUCTION, PROTECTION AND CONTROL

- 3.1 The production systems
 - 3.1.1 Identification of animal production systems **PICTURE A** – Extensive ✓ **PICTURE B** – Intensive ✓ (2)Justification: 3.1.2 **PICTURE A (Extensive)** Low stocking rate/low density/few animals in a large area ✓ Less capital invested / no proper shelter / kraal made with stones ✓ Animals fend for themselves \checkmark (Any 1 x 1) (1) **PICTURE B (Intensive)** High stocking rate/high density/many animals in a small area \checkmark More capital invested / proper cement shelter ✓ • Animals are fed by the farmer \checkmark (Any 1 x 1) (1) 3.1.3 Differentiation Subsistence farming system Farming on a very small scale in order to feed the family and sell the surplus ✓ (1)

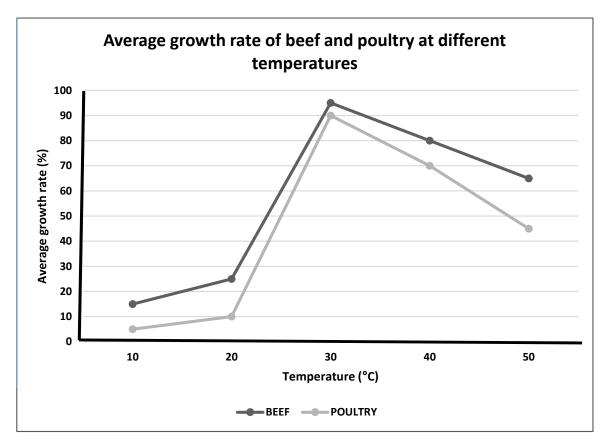
Commercial farming system

Farming on a large/medium scale to sell the produce and make a profit ✓ (1)

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3.2 Graph



3.2.1 Criteria for marking

- Correct heading ✓
- Type of graph \checkmark
- X-axis correctly calibrated with label (Temperature) ✓
- Y-axis correctly calibrated with label (Average growth rate) ✓
- Correct units: Percentage and degrees (% and °C) ✓
- Accuracy (80% and more in plotting) ✓
 - in plotting) \checkmark (6 x 1)

3.2.2 The trend between beef and poultry at different temperature

Poultry	: Growth rate decreases at too low or too high temperatures 🗸	(1)
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Beef: Growth rate responds better at lower/higher temperatures than poultry ✓

3.2.3 **ONE method to protect poultry against extreme cold weather**

- Use of heaters ✓
- Air conditioners ✓
- Poultry house curtains ✓
- Insulation of roof and floor/bedding \checkmark (Any 1 x 1) (1)

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(6)

(1)

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3.3	3 The picture of a pig		
	3.3.1	Identification of the equipment Plywood board ✓	(1)
	3.3.2	 TWO reasons for handling pigs Vaccination ✓ Dehorning ✓ Dosing ✓ Milking ✓ Marking ✓ Marketing ✓ (Any 2 x 1) 	(2)
3.4	Anima	l diseases	
	B - Pro $C - Ma$ $D - Ba$ $E - Vir$ $F - Agg$	ngworm ✓ otozoa ✓ ostitis ✓ cteria ✓ us ✓ gression / froth in the mouth / running and biting everything / circling / alysis of lower jaw and tongue ✓	 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
3.5	Parasites		
	3.5.1	Classification of the parasite External parasite/exoparasites/ectoparasites ✓	(1)
	3.5.2	Reason Mites are found on less hairy parts of the skin \checkmark	(1)
	3.5.3	 THREE examples of external parasites except mites and ticks Nasal worms ✓ Blue flies/blowflies ✓ Lice ✓ (3 x 1) 	(3)
3.6	Life cy	cle of parasites	
	3.6.1	The parasite Liver flukes/Trematodes/Flukes/Fasciola epatica ✓	(1)
	3.6.2	The intermediate host Snail/Slug ✓	(1)

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	 3.6.3 TWO pasture management measures of controlling internal parasite Rotational grazing ✓ Resting of infected pastures ✓ Allowing animals that are resistant to specific internal parasites ✓ Avoid wet places ✓ 	
	 Use of zero grazing ✓ Removal of manure/hygienic measures ✓ (Any 2 x 1) 	(2)
3.7	 TWO examples of metallic salt poisoning Salt poisoning ✓ 	
	 Urea poisoning ✓ 	(2) [35]

QUESTION 4: ANIMAL REPRODUCTION

4.1	The reproduct	ive system of a bull		
	• A - • C -	cation of parts - Seminal vesicles ✓ - Urethra ✓ - Epididymis ✓		(3)
	4.1.2 The pro Sperma	ocess atogenesis ✓		(1)
	4.1.3 Match (a) E	of the functions \checkmark		(1)
	(b) L	\checkmark		(1)
	(c) J	\checkmark		(1)
	● Hy∣ ● Cry	ongenital defects poplasia ✓ /ptorchidism ✓ rmaphroditism ✓	(Any 2 x 1)	(2)
		n why scrotum is outside the body Ilate the temperature ✓		(1)
4.2		of the electronic or mechanical devises ng/Tail-painting ✓		(1)
	(b) Pedomete	r ✓		(1)
	(c) Kamar he	atmount detector/heatmount detector \checkmark		(1)
4.3	Oestrus cycle			
	-	oroductive process s cycle ✓	(1 x 1)	(1)
	PHASE	cation of phases of oestrus cycle B – Pro oestrus ✓ C – Met oestrus ✓	(2 x 1)	(2)
		ormones trogen √		
		inising Hormone/LH ✓	(2 x 1)	(2)

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	4.3.4	 TWO visible sexual behaviours displayed by bulls. Resting the bull's chin on the cow's rump ✓ Flehmen response/Bull extends its head and curl upper lip Bull follows/excited about the cow on oestrus ✓ Bulls smelling and licking external genitalia and urine of the Pawing on the ground and snorting by the bull ✓ Bellowing and tongue lapping ✓ Bull will try to protect/guard the female on oestrus ✓ 		(2)	
4.4	Embry	yo transfer/transplant			
	4.4.1	Identification of the reproductive technique Embryo transfer/transplant ✓		(1)	
	4.4.2	 The stages of embryo transfer/transplant C ✓ A ✓ D ✓ E ✓ B ✓ 	(5 x 1)	(5)	
	4.4.3	 TWO methods of collecting semen Artificial vagina ✓ Electro-ejaculator ✓ 		(2)	
4.5	Stage	s of parturition			
	4.5.1	The stage of parturition Expulsion of foetus/ejection of foetus/delivery ✓		(1)	
	4.5.2	Identification of the birth position Anterior ✓		(1)	
	4.5.3	 TWO signs of parturition Vulva softens and become swollen ✓ Cervix secretes sticky mucus ✓ Cervix dilates ✓ Cow urinates and defaecates frequently ✓ Swollen udder that is dripping milk ✓ Belly droops ✓ Cow isolates itself ✓ Cow stops eating ✓ Cow shows signs of distress and discomfort ✓ Cow becomes restless ✓ 	(Any 2 x 1)	(2)	

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4.6 The milk production cycle

4.6.1	The name of the graph Lactation curve ✓		(1)
4.6.2	Identification of the range of weeks 4 to 6 weeks ✓		(1)
4.6.3	Name of the hormone Prolactin ✓		(1) [35]
		TOTAL SECTION B:	105

GRAND TOTAL: 150

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