

OFFICIAL LANGUAGES: SECOND ADDITIONAL LANGUAGE

EXAMINATION GUIDELINES

GRADE 12

2014

These guidelines consist of 19 pages.

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1. INTRODUCTION

The Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement (CAPS) for Official Languages: Second Additional Language outlines the nature and purpose of the subject Official Languages: Second Additional Language. This guides the philosophy underlying the teaching and assessment of the subject in Grade 12.

The purpose of these Examination Guidelines is to:

- Provide clarity on the depth and scope of the content to be assessed in the Grade
 12 National Senior Certificate (NSC) Examination in Official Languages: Second Additional Language.
- Assist teachers to adequately prepare learners for the examinations.

This document deals with the final Grade 12 external examinations. It does not deal in any depth with the School-Based Assessment (SBA).

These guidelines should be read in conjunction with the following policy documents (available at schools, district offices and on the website – www.education.gov.za/www.thutong.org.za):

- The National Curriculum Statement (NCS) Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement (CAPS): Official Languages: Second Additional Language
- The National Protocol of Assessment: An addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding the National Protocol for Assessment (Grades R–12)
- The national policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement, Grades R-12
- Circular S13 of 2013 (Literature)

Disjunctive and Conjunctive Orthography in Languages

Disjunctive Orthography	Conjunctive Orthography
English	IsiXhosa
Afrikaans	IsiNdebele
Sepedi	IsiZulu
Sesotho	Siswati
Setswana	
Tshivenda	
Xitsonga	

2. PURPOSE

The purpose of these guidelines is to standardise the setting and marking of examinations in all 11 official languages in respect of:

- Number of sections
- Lengths and types of texts
- Types and levels of questions
- Allocation of marks
- Marking memoranda/Assessment rubrics.

3. PAPER 1

FORMAT, STRUCTURE AND MARK ALLOCATION OF QUESTION PAPER

3.1 Cover Page

The cover page must contain the following information:

- Subject, level and paper
- Time
- Marks
- Number of pages

Second Additional Language

Paper One (Language in context and Literature)

November/March ... (year of exam)

Time: 21/2 hours

Marks: 120

This paper consists ofpages.

3.2 Instructions and Information Page

1. This question paper consists of THREE SECTIONS:

SECTION A:	Comprehension	(30 marks)
SECTION B:	Summary	(10 marks)
SECTION C:	Language Structures and Conventions	(40 marks)
SECTION D:	Literature	(40 marks)

- 2. Answer ALL the questions.
- 3. Start EACH section on a NEW page.
- 4. Rule off after each section.
- 5. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 6. Leave a line after each answer.
- 7. Pay special attention to spelling and sentence construction.
- 8. Suggested time allocation:

SECTION A: 50 minutes SECTION B: 30 minutes SECTION C: 40 minutes SECTION D: 30 minutes

9. Write neatly and legibly.

3.3 SECTION A: COMPREHENSION

30 MARKS

Marks: 6

QUESTION 1

- **Select TWO texts** ONE prose and ONE visual. No comparative questions should be set.
- Reading length

TEXT A (PROSE):

Disjunctive orthography: 400–500 words Conjunctive orthography: 250–300 words.

TEXT B (VISUAL): Do not count the words in the visual.

Focus of questions must be on the visual information

Test comprehension in context

NOTE:

- It is not necessary to set comparative questions.
- There will be 1 open-ended question in this section.
- There should be a maximum of 4 multiple-choice questions.

Setting the comprehension questions

When setting questions, the following must be considered:

The cognitive demands

Always start with easy questions, followed by medium- and then higher-order questions.

Various types of questions will be set in such a way that **ALL** the cognitive levels are catered for in the proportions indicated in each section.

Levels 1 and 2: 40% of total for section Level 3: 40% of total for section Levels 4 and 5: 20% of total for section

The levels of difficulty

Questions can be divided into different levels of difficulty within a particular cognitive level.

Refer to page 17.

Points to consider

- Texts should be grade and level appropriate.
- Adapt/edit text if necessary. Ensure that the text is coherent.
- Use Standard language. Language/expression should be appropriate in context.
- Avoid the following: contractions, slang, colloquialisms, vulgar language
- Number paragraphs and lines correctly.
- Written texts must be retyped.
- Acknowledge the source of a text.
- As far as possible, questions should follow the sequence of the text.
- As far as possible, lower-order questions should precede middle- and higherorder questions.

- Where applicable, questions should explicitly indicate that substantiation/ motivation/justification is required.
- Characters in visual texts should be clearly identified.
- In a cartoon, pictures/frames/panels should be clearly numbered.

Marking the Comprehension

- Because the focus is on understanding, incorrect spelling and language errors in responses should not be penalised unless such errors change the meaning/understanding. (Errors must still be indicated.)
- If a candidate uses words from a language other than the one being examined, disregard those words, and if the answer still makes sense, do not penalise. However, if a word from another language is used in a text and required in an answer, this will be acceptable.
- For open-ended questions, no marks should be awarded for YES/NO/ or I AGREE/I DISAGREE. The reason/substantiation/motivation is what should be considered.
- No marks should be awarded for TRUE/FALSE or FACT/OPINION.
 The reason/substantiation/motivation is what should be considered.
- When one-word answers are required and the candidate gives a whole sentence, mark correct provided that the correct word is underlined/highlighted.
- When two/three facts/points are required and a range is given, mark only the first two/three.
- Accept dialectal variations.
- For multiple-choice questions, accept BOTH the letter corresponding with the correct answer AND/OR the answer written out in full.

3.4 SECTION B: SUMMARY

10 MARKS

QUESTION 2

Candidates will be instructed to summarise in **point form.**

Candidates should not quote verbatim.

Length of text:

Disjunctive: approximately 200 words
The summary should not exceed 60 words.

Conjunctive: 170 words

The summary should not exceed 50 words.

NOTE: The summary text should not come from the comprehension passage.

Selecting the text and setting the summary

- The type of text chosen for the summary should afford candidates the opportunity to demonstrate ability to identify the main points/arguments from the examples which illustrate them.
- The instructions to candidates must be clear as to what is expected of them to summarise.
- It is advisable to preface a summary question with a context for Second Additional Languages.
- Heading/title: Candidates should not be required to provide a heading/title.

Indicate the number of words used in brackets.

Setting the memorandum

Points must be placed in a table with the quotes on the one side and the 'point/own words' on the other side.

	Quotes		Own words/points
1.		1.	
2.		2.	
3.		3.	
4.		4.	
5.		5.	
6.		6.	
7.		7.	

Marking the summary

The Summary should be marked as follows:

- Mark allocation:
 - o 7 marks for 7 points (1 mark per main point)
 - o 3 marks for language
 - o Total marks: 10
- Distribution of language marks when candidate has not quoted verbatim:
 - o 1–3 points correct: award 1 mark
 - o 4–5 points correct: award 2 marks
 - o 6-7 points correct: award 3 marks
- Distribution of Language marks when candidate has quoted verbatim:
 - o 6–7 quotes: award no language mark
 - o 1–5 quotes: award 1 language mark

NOTE:

- Word Count:
 - Markers are required to verify the number of words used.
 - Do not deduct any marks if the candidate fails to indicate the number of words used, or if the number of words used is indicated incorrectly.
 - o If the word limit is exceeded, read up to a maximum of 5 words above the stipulated upper limit and ignore the rest of the summary.

EXAMPLE:

Language	Sentence/Phrase			No. of words
ENGLISH	1	walk		2
AFRIKAANS	Ek	loop		2
SEPEDI	Ke	а	sepela	3
SESOTHO/SETSWANA	Ke	а	tsamaya	3
TSHIVENDA	Ndi	а	tshimbila	3
XITSONGA	Mina	ndza	famba	3
ISIZULU/SISWATI	Ngiyahamba			1
ISIXHOSA	Ndiyahamba			1
ISINDEBELE	Ngiyakhamba			1

3.5 SECTION C: LANGUAGE STRUCTURES AND CONVENTIONS (ASSESSED IN CONTEXT) 40 MARKS

THREE QUESTIONS as indicated below:

Will test the following:

- Vocabulary and language use
- Sentence structures
- Critical language awareness
- Editing

QUESTION 3:

Advertisement (combination of visual and written/verbal): 10 marks

NOTE: There should be 1 open-ended question.

QUESTION 4:

Cartoon:

marks

NOTE: There should be 1 open-ended question.

QUESTION 5:

5.1 Prose: 14 marks

Length of text:

Disjunctive: 100–150 words Conjunctive: 80–00 words.

5.2 Picture with a short text:

6 marks

Will test language structures and conventions for both QUESTIONS 5.1 and 5.2.

NOTE: There will be:

• 2 open-ended questions in SECTION C (1 in the advert and 1 in the cartoon)

A maximum of 4 multiple-choice questions across this section.

Setting the questions

- Questions should follow the sequence of the text.
- If possible, lower-order questions should precede middle- and higher-order questions.
- Characters in visual texts should be clearly identified.
- Pictures/frames/panels in cartoons should be clearly numbered.
- The three/four components as outlined in the CAPS must be included. Refer to the CAPS: page 40.
- Multiple-choice questions: there should be four options for candidates to choose from.

Marking Section C

- Spelling:
 - One-word answers must be marked correct even if the spelling is incorrect, unless the error changes the meaning of the word.
 - o In full-sentence answers, incorrect spelling should be penalised if the error is in the language structure being tested.
 - Where an abbreviation is tested, the answer must be punctuated correctly
- Sentence structures must be grammatically correct and given in full sentences/as per instruction.
- For multiple-choice questions, accept BOTH the letter corresponding with the correct answer AND/OR the answer written out in full as correct

3.6 SECTION D: LITERATURE

In Second Additional Language, literature is tested in **SECTION D** of **Paper 1** and carries 40 marks. The duration of Paper 1 is 2½ hours. There will be FOUR questions in SECTION D and candidates will be required to answer ANY ONE question. CONTEXTUAL questions will be set. Candidates should be advised to spend approximately 40 minutes on this section.

Consult Circular S13 of 2013.

Framework for setting the section for 2014 where the genre is a short story

FORMAT

There will be ONE question: Short Stories (20 x 2 marks)

NOTE:

- CONTEXTUAL question
- TWO extracts will be set

LENGTH OF EXTRACTS

Disjunctive: 100–150 words Conjunctive: 80–100 words

SECTION D: LITERATURE Answer BOTH questions.							
QUESTION NO.	QUESTION NO. QUESTION Pg. No						
Short Stories/Fo	Short Stories/Folk tales						
8.1	(Title of story/folk tales)	Contextual question					
8.2	(Title of story/folk tale 2)	Contextual question					

Instructions for Section D

- The number of marks should serve as a guide to the length of the answer expected.
- Where applicable, questions should explicitly indicate that substantiation/ motivation/justification is required.
- Multiple-choice questions must be phrased in the positive.

Questions

When setting questions, the following must be considered:

The cognitive demands

Various types of questions will be set in such a way that **ALL** the cognitive levels are catered for in the proportions indicated in each question.

Levels 1 and 2: 40% of total for section Level 3: 40% of total for section Levels 4 and 5: 20% of total for section

Refer to page 17 for types of questions.

The levels of difficulty

Questions can be divided into different levels of difficulty within a particular cognitive level.

Marking Guidelines

- 1. If answers are incorrectly numbered, mark according to the memo.
- 2. If a spelling error affects the meaning, mark incorrect. If it does not affect the meaning, mark correct.
- 3. If the candidate does not use inverted commas when asked to quote, **do not penalise.**
- 4. For **open-ended questions**, no marks should be awarded for YES/NO/ or I AGREE/I DISAGREE. The reason/substantiation/motivation is what should be considered.
- 5. No marks should be awarded for TRUE/FALSE or FACT/OPINION. The reason/substantiation/motivation is what should be considered.

4. PAPER 2

FORMAT, STRUCTURE AND MARK ALLOCATION OF QUESTION PAPER

4.1 Cover page

The cover page must contain the following information:

- Subject, level, paper and year
- Time
- Marks
- Number of pages.

Second Additional Language

Paper Two (Writing)

November/March ... (year of exam)

Marks: 80

Time: 2 hours

This question paper consists of ... pages.

4.2 Instructions and Information Page

1. This question paper consists of THREE SECTIONS:

SECTION A: Essay: 40 marks
SECTION B: Longer Transactional Text: 20 marks
SECTION C: Shorter Transactional Text: 20 marks

- 2. Answer ONE question from EACH section.
- 3. Write in the language in which you are being assessed.
- 4. Start EACH section on a NEW page.
- 5. You must plan (e.g. using a mind map/diagram/flow chart/key words, etc.), edit and proof-read your work.

- 6. The plan must appear BEFORE each text.
- 7. All planning must be clearly indicated as such and handed in. It is advisable to draw a line through all planning.
- 8. You are strongly advised to spend approximately:
 - 60 minutes on SECTION A
 - o 30 minutes on SECTION B
 - o 30 minutes on SECTION C
- 9. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 10. Give each response a suitable title/heading.
- 11. The title/heading must not be considered when doing a word count.
- 12. Write neatly and legibly.

4.3 SECTION A: ESSAY

Candidates will be expected to answer ONE essay question.

Length of essay

Disjunctive Orthography: 200–250 words Conjunctive Orthography: 150–180 words

Types of essays to be set

Narrative and descriptive

NOTE: Do not prescribe what type of essay a candidate should write on a topic.

Number of topics to be set

8 topics, of which a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 4 should be visual stimuli.

NOTE: It is essential that a memorandum, providing a brief marking guideline, accompanies the assessment rubric.

Weighting and rubrics

Essays will be assessed according to the following criteria:

Criteria	Marks
Content and planning (60%)	24
Language, style and editing (30%)	12
Structure (10%)	4
Total	40

Use the rubric in **Appendix A** to assess candidates' essays.

Wording of topics

Topics should be **concise** and in language that is **accessible** to candidates.

4.4 SECTION B: LONGER TRANSACTIONAL TEXT

QUESTIONS 9-12

Length of texts

Disjunctive Orthography: (content only) 80–100 words Conjunctive orthography: (content only) 60–80 words

Types of texts candidates will be required to write

(Refer to the CAPS: page 75.)

FOUR questions will be set from the categories indicated below.

An assessor must set TWO questions from each category.

CATEGORY A:

Friendly letter/formal letter (request/application/complaint/sympathy/congratulations/thanks.)

CATEGORY B:

Short report/review/speech/dialogue

NOTE: Candidates will be expected to answer **ONE** question.

Visuals may be used only as supportive material.
THE TYPE OF TEXT REQUIRED SHOULD BE CLEARLY INDICATED AS A HEADING.

Wording of topics

Topics should be **concise** and in language that is **accessible** to candidates.

Weighting and rubrics

Texts will be assessed on the following criteria:

Criteria	Marks
Content, planning and format (60%)	12
Language, style and editing (40%)	8
Total	20

NOTE: Various formats of transactional texts have been taught/are in current practice; therefore this has to be considered when assessing format.

Use the assessment rubric in **Appendix B** to assess candidates' longer transactional texts.

The memo must provide the marking guidelines as to the nature, format and structure of a genre.

Example:

Formal letter: Must have two addresses, salutation, heading, conclusion, etc.

4.5 SECTION C: SHORTER TRANSACTIONAL TEXTS

QUESTIONS 13-15

Length of texts

Disjunctive: 60–80 words Conjunctive: 40–60 words

Types of texts

Refer to the CAPS: page 75.

THREE questions will be set from each of the categories indicated below (**ONE** per question).

CATEGORY A:

Advertisement/invitation card/flyer/poster

CATEGORY B:

Diary entries/postcard

CATEGORY C:

Instructions/Directions

NOTE:

- Visuals may be used only as supportive material.
- THE TYPE OF TEXT REQUIRED SHOULD BE CLEARLY INDICATED AS A HEADING.
- Topics should be set in such a way that candidates will have the opportunity to write the required number of words.
- Candidates' responses should be limited to written texts only.

IN CATEGORY C, NO MARKS ARE AWARDED FOR PICTURES, SKETCHES, etc.

Wording of topics

Topics should be **concise** and in a language that is **accessible** to candidates.

Weighting and rubrics

Texts will be assessed on the following criteria:

Criteria	Marks
Content, planning and format (60%)	12
Language, style and editing (40%)	8
Total	20

NOTE: Various formats of transactional texts have been taught/are in current practice; therefore this has to be considered when assessing format.

Use the assessment rubric in **Appendix B** to assess candidates' shorter transactional/reference/informational text.

5.1 APPENDIX A: ASSESSMENT RUBRIC FOR ESSAY SECOND ADDITIONAL LANGUAGE [40 MARKS]

NOTE:

- o Always use the rubric when marking the creative essay (Paper 3, Section A)
- o The marks from 0-40 have been divided into 5 level descriptors.
- o The first TWO of the five level descriptors are divided into an upper and lower level divisions with the applicable mark range and descriptors.

Criteria		Exceptional	Skilful	Moderate	Elementary	Inadequate
CONTENT &		22–24	18–19	12-14	8–11	0–2
PLANNING		Outstanding/Striking	-Very well-crafted response	 Satisfactory response 	Inconsistently coherent	-Totally irrelevant
		response beyond normal	-Fully relevant and interesting	-Ideas are reasonably	response	response
(Response and ideas)	ivel	expectations	ideas	coherent & convincing.	-Unclear ideas and	-Confused and
Organisation of ideas	Upper level	-Intelligent, thought-provoking	-Evidence of maturity	-Reasonably organised	unoriginal	unfocused ideas
for planning	edd	and mature ideas	-Very well organised and	and coherent including	-Little evidence of	-Vague and repetitive
Awareness of purpose,	\supset I	-Exceptionally well organised	coherent (connected)	introduction, body and	organisation and	-Unorganised and
audience and context		and coherent (connected)	including introduction, body	conclusion/ending	coherence.	incoherent
24 marks		including introduction, body and conclusion/ending	and conclusion/ending			
Z4 marks		20–21	15–17			
		-Excellent response but lacks	–Well-crafted response			
		the exceptionally striking	-Relevant and interesting			
		qualities of the outstanding essay	ideas -Well organised and coherent			
		-Mature and intelligent ideas	(connected) including			
	le/	-Skilfully organised and	introduction, body and			
	ower level	coherent (connected)	conclusion			
)We	including introduction, body				
	<u>77</u>	and conclusion/ending				

LANGUAGE, STYLE &	9–12	7–8	5–6	3–4	0
EDITING Tone, register, style, vocabulary appropriate to purpose and context Word choice Language use and conventions, punctuation, grammar, spelling	-Language is excellent, and rhetorically effective in tone -Virtually error-free in grammar and spelling - Skilfully crafted	-Language is engaging and generally effective -Appropriate and effective tone, few errors in grammar and spellingWell crafted	-Adequate use of language with some inconsistenciesTone generally appropriate and limited use of rhetorical devices.	-Inadequate use of languageLittle or no variety in sentenceExceptionally limited vocabulary.	- Language incomprehensible - Vocabulary limitations so extreme as to make comprehension impossible
12 MARKS					
STRUCTURE	4	3	2	1	0
Features of text Paragraph development and sentence construction 4 MARKS	-Excellent development of topic - Exceptional detail -Sentences, paragraphs exceptionally well-constructed.	Logical development of details. Coherent.Sentences, paragraphs logical, varied.	-Relevant details developed. -Sentences, paragraphs well- constructed	-Develop some valid points Sentences, - paragraphing faulty - Essay still makes some sense.	-Necessary points lacking -Sentences,- paragraphs faulty -Essay lacks sense
MARK RANGE	32–40	24–31	20–23	12–19	0–11

5.2 APPENDIX B: ASSESSMENT RUBRIC FOR LONGER AND SHORTER TRANSACTIONAL TEXT SECOND ADDITIONAL LANGUAGE [20 MARKS]

Criteria	Exceptional	Skilful	Moderate	Elementary	Inadequate
CONTENT, PLANNING &	9–12	7–8	5–6	3–4	0–2
FORMAT	 Outstanding response 	 Very good response 	 Adequate response, 	 Basic response, 	 Response reveals no
	beyond normal expectations	demonstrating good	demonstrating knowledge of	demonstrating some	knowledge of features of the
Response and ideas	 Intelligent and mature ideas 	knowledge of features of the	features of the type of text	knowledge of features of the	type of text
	 Extensive knowledge of 	type of text.	 Not completely focused – 	type of text	 Meaning obscure with
Organisation of ideas	features of the type of text	– Maintains focus – no	some digressions.	 Some focus but writing 	major digressions
	 Writing maintains focus 	digressions.	- Reasonably coherent in	digresses	 Not coherent in content
Features/conventions and	 Coherence in content and 	 Coherent in content and 	content and ideas.	 Not always coherent in 	and ideas
context	ideas	ideas, very well elaborated	 Some details support the 	content and ideas	 Very few details support
	 Highly elaborated and all 	and details support topic.	topic	– Few details support the	the topic.
40 144 DVO	details support the topic	 Appropriate format with 	- Generally appropriate	topic	 Necessary rules of format
12 MARKS	 Appropriate and accurate 	minor inaccuracies.	format but with some	- Necessary rules of format	not applied
	format		inaccuracies.	vaguely applied	
LANCHACE CTVLE	7.0	F /		- Some critical oversights	0.2
LANGUAGE, STYLE &	7–8	5–6	4	3	0–2
EDITING	Tone, register, style,	 Tone, register, style and 			
Tone, register, style,	vocabulary highly appropriate	vocabulary very appropriate	vocabulary appropriate to	vocabulary less appropriate to	vocabulary do not
vocabulary appropriate to	to purpose, audience and	to purpose, audience and	purpose, audience and	purpose, audience and	correspond to purpose,
purpose and context.	context	context	context.	context	audience and context.
Language use and	-Grammatically accurate and	-Generally grammatically	-Some grammatical errors	-Inaccurate grammar with	-Error-ridden and confused
conventions	well-constructed	accurate and well-	-Adequate vocabulary	numerous errors	-Vocabulary not suitable for
Word choice	-Virtually error-free.	constructed	-Errors do not impede	-Limited vocabulary	purpose
Punctuation and spelling		-Very good vocabulary	meaning	-Meaning obscured	-Meaning seriously
. a.istaation and opening		 Mostly free of errors 			impaired
8 MARKS					
MARK RANGE	16–20	13–15	9–12	6–7	0–5

6. TYPES OF QUESTIONS AND COGNITIVE LEVELS

Using Barrett's Taxonomy, various types of questions will be set in such a way that **ALL** the cognitive levels are catered for in the proportions indicated:

Levels 1 and 2: 40% of total marks Level 3: 40% of total marks Levels 4 and 5: 20% of total marks

NOTE: See table below.

Barrett's Taxonomy

Level	Description	Question types
1	Literal (information in the text)	e.g. Name the; List the; Identify the;
		Relate the
2	Reorganisation (analysis, synthesis or organisation of	e.g. Summarise the main ideas; State the differences/ similarities
	information)	State the unionalises chimalities in
3	Inference (engagement with	e.g. Explain the main idea; What
	information in terms of personal	is the writer's intention; What, do
	experience)	you think, will be
4	Evaluation (judgments concerning	e.g. Do you think that; Discuss
	the value or worth)	critically
5	Appreciation (assess the impact	e.g. Discuss your response;
	of the text)	Comment on the writer's use of
		language

7. ASSESSMENT IN LANGUAGES

7.1 COGNITIVE LEVELS

According to **Barrett's Taxonomy of Reading Comprehension** there are five cognitive levels. In ascending order of complexity, these are: Literal, Reorganisation, Inference, Evaluation and Appreciation. In **Bloom's Taxonomy**, the following six question categories are defined: Knowledge, Comprehension, Application, Analysis, Synthesis and Evaluation.

While the overlaps in the two taxonomies are evident, the exploration of **Types of Questions** below uses the cognitive levels as outlined in **Barrett's Taxonomy**.

7.2 TYPES OF QUESTIONS

7.2.1 Contextual Questions (Language and Literature Papers):

Contextual Questions are set on a variety of selected texts (in the Language Paper) and on extracts from the prescribed texts (in the Literature Paper) to assess language competency and to gauge the extent of the insight and depth of understanding espoused in the NCS CAPS. The level of complexity depends on the level at which the Language is being assessed (i.e. HL, FAL or SAL).

7.2.2 Literal

Questions that deal with information explicitly stated in the text.

- Name the things/people/places/elements ...
- State the facts/reasons/ points/ideas ...
- Identify the reasons/persons/causes ...
- List the points/facts/ names/reasons ...
- Describe the place/person/character ...
- Relate the incident/episode/experience ...

7.2.3 Reorganisation:

Questions that require analysis, synthesis or organisation of information explicitly stated in the text.

- Summarise the main points/ideas/pros/cons/ ...
- Group the common elements/factors ...
- State the similarities/differences ...
- Give an outline of ...

7.2.4 Inference:

Questions that require a candidate's engagement with information explicitly stated in the text in terms of his/her personal experience.

- Explain the main idea ...
- Compare the ideas/attitudes/actions ...
- What is the writer's (or character's) intention/attitude/motivation/reason ...
- Explain the cause/effect of ...
- What does an action/comment/attitude (etc.) reveal about the narrator/ writer/character ...
- How does the metaphor/simile/image affect your understanding ...
- What, do you think, will be the outcome/effect (etc.) of an action/situation ...
- True/False questions
- Multiple Choice questions
- Choose the correct option (from a given list)
- Fill in the blanks (using contextual clues)
- Questions on visual and graphic literacy

7.2.5 Evaluation

These questions deal with judgements concerning value and worth. These include judgements regarding reality, credibility, facts and opinions, validity, logic and reasoning, and issues such as the desirability and acceptability of decisions and actions in terms of moral values.

- Do you think that what transpires is credible/realistic/ possible ...?
- Is the writer's argument valid/logical/conclusive ...
- Discuss/Comment critically on the action/ intention/ motive/attitude/ suggestion/implication ...
- Do you agree with the view/statement/observation/interpretation that ...

7.2.6 Appreciation

- These questions are intended to assess the psychological and aesthetic impact of the text on the candidate. They focus on emotional responses to the content, identification with characters or incidents, and reactions to the writer's use of language (such as word choice and imagery).
- Discuss your response to the text/incident/situation/conflict/ dilemma ...
- Do you empathise with the character? What action/decision would you have taken if you had been in the same situation?
- Discuss/Comment on the writer's use of language ...
- Discuss the effectiveness of the writer's style/introduction/ conclusion/imagery/metaphors/use of poetic techniques/literary devices
- Discuss your response to the text/incident/situation/ conflict/ dilemma ...
- Do you empathise with the character? What action/decision would you have taken if you had been in the same situation?
- Discuss/Comment on the writer's use of language ...
- Discuss the effectiveness of the writer's style/ introduction/ conclusion/imagery/metaphors/use of poetic techniques/ literary devices ...

8. CONCLUSION

This Examination Guidelines document is meant to articulate the assessment aspirations espoused in the CAPS document. It is therefore not a substitute for the CAPS document which educators should teach to.

Qualitative curriculum coverage as enunciated in the CAPS cannot be over-emphasised.